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#### **STANDARDIZED**

**UXO TECHNOLOGY DEMONSTRATION SITE** 

OPEN FIELD SCORING RECORD NO. 675

SITE LOCATION: U.S. ARMY ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND

DEMONSTRATOR:
NAVAL RESEARCH LABORATORIES (NRL)
CODE 6110 NAVAL RESEARCH LABORATORIES
WASHINGTON, DC 20375-5342

TECHNOLOGY TYPE/PLATFORM: MTADS (GEM-3)/TOWED

PREPARED BY:
U.S. ARMY ABERDEEN TEST CENTER
ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MD 21005-5059

**AUGUST 2005** 









Prepared for:
U.S. ARMY ENVIRONMENTAL CENTER
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ordnance (UXO) utilizing the AP	G Standardized UXO Tec	hnology Demonstr	ration Sit	e Open Field. The scoring record was
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# **SECTION 1. GENERAL INFORMATION**

#### 1.1 BACKGROUND

Technologies under development for the detection and discrimination of unexploded ordnance (UXO) require testing so that their performance can be characterized. To that end, Standardized Test Sites have been developed at Aberdeen Proving Ground (APG), Maryland and U.S. Army Yuma Proving Ground (YPG), Arizona. These test sites provide a diversity of geology, climate, terrain, and weather as well as diversity in ordnance and clutter. Testing at these sites is independently administered and analyzed by the government for the purposes of characterizing technologies, tracking performance with system development, comparing performance of different systems, and comparing performance in different environments.

The Standardized UXO Technology Demonstration Site Program is a multi-agency program spearheaded by the U.S. Army Environmental Center (AEC). The U.S. Army Aberdeen Test Center (ATC) and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Engineering Research and Development Center (ERDC) provide programmatic support. The program is being funded and supported by the Environmental Security Technology Certification Program (ESTCP), the Strategic Environmental Research and Development Program (SERDP) and the Army Environmental Quality Technology Program (EQT).

#### 1.2 SCORING OBJECTIVES

The objective in the Standardized UXO Technology Demonstration Site Program is to evaluate the detection and discrimination capabilities of a given technology under various field and soil conditions. Inert munitions and clutter items are positioned in various orientations and depths in the ground.

The evaluation objectives are as follows:

- a. To determine detection and discrimination effectiveness under realistic scenarios that vary targets, geology, clutter, topography, and vegetation.
  - b. To determine cost, time, and manpower requirements to operate the technology.
- c. To determine demonstrator's ability to analyze survey data in a timely manner and provide prioritized "Target Lists" with associated confidence levels.
- d. To provide independent site management to enable the collection of high quality, ground-truth, geo-referenced data for post-demonstration analysis.

## 1.2.1 Scoring Methodology

a. The scoring of the demonstrator's performance is conducted in two stages. These two stages are termed the RESPONSE STAGE and DISCRIMINATION STAGE. For both stages, the probability of detection  $(P_d)$  and the false alarms are reported as receiver-operating

characteristic (ROC) curves. False alarms are divided into those anomalies that correspond to emplaced clutter items, measuring the probability of false positive ( $P_{fp}$ ), and those that do not correspond to any known item, termed background alarms.

- b. The RESPONSE STAGE scoring evaluates the ability of the system to detect emplaced targets without regard to ability to discriminate ordnance from other anomalies. For the open field RESPONSE STAGE, the demonstrator provides the scoring committee with the field location and signal strength of all anomalies that the demonstrator has deemed sufficient to warrant further investigation and/or processing as potential emplaced ordnance items. This list is generated with minimal processing and will only include signals that are above the system noise level.
- c. The DISCRIMINATION STAGE evaluates the demonstrator's ability to correctly identify ordnance as such and to reject clutter. For the same field locations as in the RESPONSE STAGE anomaly list, the DISCRIMINATION STAGE list contains the output of the algorithms applied in the discrimination-stage processing. This list is prioritized based on the demonstrator's determination that an anomaly location is likely to contain ordnance. Thus, higher output values are indicative of higher confidence that an ordnance item is present at the specified location. For digital signal processing, priority ranking is based on algorithm output. For other discrimination approaches, priority ranking is based on human (subjective) judgment. The demonstrator also specifies the threshold in the prioritized ranking that provides optimum performance termed the Discrimination Stage Threshold (i.e. that is expected to retain all detected ordnance and reject the maximum amount of clutter).
- d. The demonstrator is also scored on EFFICIENCY and REJECTION RATIO, which measure the effectiveness of the discrimination stage processing. The goal of discrimination is to retain the greatest number of ordnance detections from the anomaly list, while rejecting the maximum number of anomalies arising from non-ordnance items. EFFICIENCY measures the fraction of detected ordnance retained after discrimination, while the REJECTION RATIO measures the fraction of false alarms rejected. Both measures are defined relative to the entire response stage anomaly list, i.e., the maximum ordnance detectable by the sensor and its accompanying false positive rate or background alarm rate.
- e. Based on configuration of the ground truth at the standardized sites and the defined scoring methodology, there exists the possibility of having anomalies within overlapping halos and/or multiple anomalies within halos. In these cases, the following scoring logic is implemented:
- (1) In situations where multiple anomalies exist within a single  $R_{halo}$ , the anomaly with the strongest response or highest ranking will be assigned to that particular ground truth item.
- (2) For overlapping  $R_{halo}$  situations, ordnance has precedence over clutter. The Anomaly with the strongest response or highest ranking that is closest to the center of a particular ground truth item gets assigned to that item. Remaining anomalies are retained until all matching is complete.

- (3) Anomalies located within any  $R_{halo}$  that do not get associated with a particular ground truth item are thrown out and are not considered in the analysis.
- f. All scoring factors are generated utilizing the Standardized UXO Probability and Plot Program, version 3.1.1.

## 1.2.2 **Scoring Factors**

Factors to be measured and evaluated as part of this demonstration include:

- a. Response Stage ROC curves:
- (1) Probability of Detection (P<sub>d</sub> res).
- (2) Probability of False Positive  $(P_{fp}^{res})$ .
- (3) Background Alarm Rate (BAR<sup>res</sup>) or Probability of Background Alarm (P<sub>BA</sub><sup>res</sup>).
- b. Discrimination Stage ROC curves:
- (1) Probability of Detection (P<sub>d</sub><sup>disc</sup>).
- (2) Probability of False Positive  $(P_{fp}^{disc})$ .
- (3) Background Alarm Rate (BAR $^{disc}$ ) or Probability of Background Alarm ( $P_{BA}^{disc}$ ).
- c. Metrics:
- (1) Efficiency (E).
- (2) False Positive Rejection Rate  $(R_{fp})$ .
- (3) Background Alarm Rejection Rate (R<sub>BA</sub>).
- d. Other:
- (1) Probability of Detection by Size and Depth.
- (2) Classification by type (i.e., 20-, 40-, 105-mm, etc.).
- (3) Location accuracy.
- (4) Equipment setup, calibration time and corresponding man-hour requirements.
- (5) Survey time and corresponding man-hour requirements.

- (6) Reacquisition/resurvey time and man-hour requirements (if any).
- (7) Downtime due to system malfunctions and maintenance requirements.

#### 1.3 STANDARD AND NONSTANDARD INERT ORDNANCE TARGETS

The standard and nonstandard ordnance items emplaced in the test areas are listed in Table 1. Standardized targets are members of a set of specific ordnance items that have identical properties to all other items in the set (caliber, configuration, size, weight, aspect ratio, material, filler, magnetic remanence, and nomenclature). Nonstandard targets are inert ordnance items having properties that differ from those in the set of standardized targets.

TABLE 1. INERT ORDNANCE TARGETS

Standard Type	Nonstandard (NS)
20-mm Projectile M55	20-mm Projectile M55
	20-mm Projectile M97
40-mm Grenades M385	40-mm Grenades M385
40-mm Projectile MKII Bodies	40-mm Projectile M813
BDU-28 Submunition	
BLU-26 Submunition	
M42 Submunition	
57-mm Projectile APC M86	
60-mm Mortar M49A3	60-mm Mortar (JPG)
	60-mm Mortar M49
2.75-inch Rocket M230	2.75-inch Rocket M230
	2.75-inch Rocket XM229
MK 118 ROCKEYE	
81-mm Mortar M374	81-mm Mortar (JPG)
	81-mm Mortar M374
105-mm high-explosive, antitank	
(HEAT) Rounds M456	
105-mm Projectile M60	105-mm Projectile M60
155-mm Projectile M483A1	155-mm Projectile M483A
	500-lb Bomb

JPG = Jefferson Proving Ground HEAT = high-explosive antitank

# **SECTION 2. DEMONSTRATION**

#### 2.1 DEMONSTRATOR INFORMATION

#### 2.1.1 Demonstrator Point of Contact (POC) and Address

Naval Research Laboratory Code 6110 Naval Research Laboratory Washington, DC 20375-5342

# 2.1.2 System Description (provided by demonstrator)

The Multi-Sensor Towed Array Detection System (MTADS) GEM array is comprised of three 96-cm diameter GEM-3 frequency-domain electromagnetic interference (EMI) sensors mounted in a triangular array (fig. 1). The array is mounted on a 3.5-meter long platform that is pulled by the MTADS tow vehicle (fig. 2). The sensor transmit electronics and signal analog to digital (A/D) are located on the tow platform just in front of the sensor coils, the remaining sensor electronics are rack mounted in the tow vehicle. Also mounted on the tow platform are three Global Positioning System (GPS) antennae and an International Measurement Unit (IMU).

Each of the three sensors in the array sequentially transmits a composite waveform made up of ten frequencies logarithmically spaced from 30 Hz to just over 20 kHz for one base period (1/30 s). Thus, only one complete cycle of the 30 Hz frequency is transmitted while many thousands of cycles of the highest frequency are transmitted. The transmit current drives both a transmit coil and a counterwound bucking coil. This serves to set up a "magnetic cavity" inside the bucking coil in which is placed a receive coil. The current induced in this receive coil by the induced fields in buried metal targets is detected, digitized, and frequency resolved during the two subsequent base periods while the other array sensors are transmitting. The detected signal is compared to the transmitted current and reported relative to the transmit current (parts per million (ppm)) as both an in-phase and quadrature component.

These twenty measured responses (in-phase and quadrature at ten frequencies) make up the "EMI Spectrum" of the buried targets. These spectra can be analyzed by fitting to empirical functions, comparing against known library spectra, or fitting to target response coefficients. All three of these analysis methodologies will be applied to the data collected in this demonstration and their results compared.



Figure 1. Demonstrator's system (MTADS GEM array on tow platform showing three sensors, three GPS antennae, and the IMU).



Figure 2. Demonstrator's system (MTADS GEM array pulled by the MTADS tow vehicle).

#### 2.1.3 <u>Data Processing Description (provided by demonstrator)</u>

The MTADS GEM array consists of three, 96-cm diameter sensors arranged in a triangle. It is pulled by the MTADS tow vehicle over the site at approximately 3 miles per hour. Lane spacing is the width of the MTADS tow vehicle, approximately 1.75 meters. Data are recorded from the array at approximately 9.7 Hz. This results in a down-track sampling interval of -15 cm and a cross track sampling interval of 50 cm. For the measurements at APG, data will be recorded while traversing the test field in two orthogonal directions (roughly North-South and East-West). As part of the analysis, the extra classification performance (if any) that results from these extra data will be determined.

Individual sensors in the array are located using a three-receiver real-time kinematic (RTK) GPS system as shown in Figure 1. From this set of receivers, the position of the master antenna is recorded at 20 Hz, and the vectors to the other two antennae are recorded at 10 Hz. All positions are recorded at full RTK precision, -2 to 5 cm. In addition, the output of a full 6-axis IMU at 80 Hz is recorded to give complimentary information on platform pitch and roll. All sensor readings are referenced to the GPS PostPostscriptum (1-PPS) output so full advantage could be taken of the precision of the GPS measurements.

The individual data streams into the data acquisition computer, running a custom variant of the WinGEM program called WinGEMArray, are each recorded in a separate file. These individual data files, which share a root name that corresponds to the data and time the survey was initiated, include three sensor data files, four GPS files (one containing the National Maritime Electronics Association (NMEA) GGK sentences corresponding to the position of the master antenna and an automatic volume recognition (AVR) sentence giving one of the vectors to the secondary antennae, another containing the second AVR sentence, a third containing the universal time coordinated (UTC) time tag, and the fourth containing the computer-time stamped arrival of the GPS PPS), and one file for the IMU output. The sensor and GPS files are ASCII format and the IMU file mirrors the packed binary output of the IMU.

All these files are transferred to the data analysis system using ZIP-250 disks. They are then checked for data quality, leveled, and the position information is applied to the sensor files. The result is a sequence of positioned measurements of the measured response at ten frequencies. This latter file is referred to as raw data.

#### 2.1.4 <u>Data Submission Format</u>

Data were submitted for scoring in accordance with data submission protocols outlined in the Standardized UXO Technology Demonstration Site Handbook. These submitted data are not included in this report in order to protect ground truth information.

# 2.1.5 <u>Demonstrator Quality Assurance (QA) and Quality Control (QC) (provided by demonstrator)</u>

To ensure adequate system performance, three items need to be checked daily. They are: individual sensor response, timing accuracy of the sensor measurements, and reliability of GPS positions. Before beginning survey work each day, the performance of each of the three sensors in the array is measured (after a 5-minute warm-up) by presenting a ferrite rod and a standard

sphere as targets. These test targets are mounted on a short, wooden block that is placed directly on the sensor coils. The resulting frequency-dependent signals are checked against standard values.

System timing accuracy is checked by making a back-and-forth traverse over a linear target at the beginning and end of each 1-hour survey file. This target can either be a steel wire stretched between stakes or a small diameter (1/2 in.) copper pipe placed on the ground adjacent to the survey area. ATC on-site personnel will determine the best target.

The data acquisition system gives the vehicle operator a continuous reading of the quality of the GPS fix. The standard procedure is to only take data with a GPS fix quality of three (RTK fixed) or 2 (RTK float) and a precision dilution of precision (PDOP) of 4 or less. Before arriving at the site each day, standard GPS planning software is used to calculate the number of satellites that will be visible to the receivers and the PDOP achievable minute-by-minute throughout the day. This allows GPS planning during periods of poor satellite availability and keeps inadvertent data, that would have to be discarded, from being recorded. Another important feature GPS planning provides is the ability to take into account areas of restricted sky view (such as the tree line at one edge of the APG site). Past experience shows there is usually a brief period each day, on the order of 20 to 30 minutes, when good fixes can be obtained in even the most difficult environments. With planning, the system can be poised by the tree line ready to take data when the appropriate satellite alignment occurs.

**Overview of QA.** At the end of each 1-hour survey session, all survey data is transferred to the field data analyst for preliminary data quality checks. This process involves plotting the actual survey path as logged in the GPS files (color-coded by GPS fix quality) to ensure that GPS data of sufficient quality were obtained during the survey. Following this, the individual sensor files are examined for completeness and consistency. It is at this stage that sensor malfunctions, drifts, etc., are flagged and reported to the field crew for correction. The final objective for the field analyst is to calculate a position for each sensor reading and apply it to the reading. The mapped data files are then ready for analysis either in the field, or at a later time.

# 2.1.6 Additional Records

The following record(s) by this vendor can be accessed via the Internet as MicroSoft Word documents at <a href="www.uxotestsites.org">www.uxotestsites.org</a>. The Blind Grid counterpart to this report is Scoring Record No. 127.

#### 2.2 APG SITE INFORMATION

## 2.2.1 Location

The APG Standardized Test Site is located within a secured range area of the Aberdeen Area. The Aberdeen Area of APG is located approximately 30 miles northeast of Baltimore at the northern end of the Chesapeake Bay. The Standardized Test Site encompasses 17 acres of upland and lowland flats, woods and wetlands.

#### **2.2.2 Soil Type**

According to the soils survey conducted for the entire area of APG in 1998, the test site consists primarily of Elkton Series type soil (ref 2). The Elkton Series consist of very deep, slowly permeable, poorly drained soils. These soils formed in silty aeolin sediments and the underlying loamy alluvial and marine sediments. They are on upland and lowland flats and in depressions of the Mid-Atlantic Coastal Plain. Slopes range from 0 to 2 percent.

ERDC conducted a site-specific analysis in May of 2002 (ref 3). The results basically matched the soil survey mentioned above. Seventy percent of the samples taken were classified as silty loam. The majority (77-percent) of the soil samples had a measured water content between 15- and 30-percent with the water content decreasing slightly with depth.

For more details concerning the soil properties at the APG test site, go to www.uxotestsites.org on the web to view the entire soils description report.

## 2.2.3 Test Areas

A description of the test site areas at APG is included in Table 2.

TABLE 2. TEST SITE AREAS

Area	Description
Calibration Grid	Contains 14 standard ordnance items buried in six positions at various
	angles and depths to allow demonstrator to calibrate their equipment.
Blind Test Grid	Contains 400 grid cells in a 0.2-hectare (0.5 acre) site. The center of each grid cell contains ordnance, clutter or nothing.
Open Field	A 4-hectare (10-acre) site containing open areas, dips, ruts and obstructions that challenge platform systems or hand held detectors. The challenges include a gravel road, wet areas and trees. The vegetation height varies from 15 to 25 cm.

#### **SECTION 3. FIELD DATA**

# 3.1 DATE OF FIELD ACTIVITIES (7 through 9 June 2004)

#### 3.2 AREAS TESTED/NUMBER OF HOURS

Areas tested and number of hours operated at each site are summarized in Table 3.

TABLE 3. AREAS TESTED AND NUMBER OF HOURS

Area	Number of Hours
Calibration Lanes	6.38
Open Field	22.50

#### 3.3 TEST CONDITIONS

#### 3.3.1 Weather Conditions

An ATC weather station located approximately 2 miles west of the test site was used to record average temperature and precipitation on an hourly basis for each day of operation. The temperatures listed in Table 4 represent the average temperature during field operations from 0700 through 1700 hours while the precipitation data represents a daily total amount of rainfall. Hourly weather logs used to generate this summary are provided in Appendix B.

TABLE 4. TEMPERATURE/PRECIPITATION DATA SUMMARY

<b>Date, 2004</b>	Average Temperature, °F	Total Daily Precipitation, in.
June 7	72.68	0.00
June 8	78.20	0.00
June 9	84.74	0.00

#### **3.3.2** Field Conditions

NRL surveyed the Open Field area with the MTADS (GEM-3) towed June 7-9 2004 with field conditions remaining wet due to rain prior to testing.

## 3.3.3 Soil Moisture

Five soil probes were placed at various locations of the site to capture soil moisture data: dry, desert extreme, open areas, the calibration lanes, and the blind grid/moguls. Measurements were collected in percent moisture and were taken twice daily (morning and afternoon) from five different soil layers (0 to 6 in., 6 to 12 in., 12 to 24 in., 24 to 36 in., and 36 to 48 in.) from each probe. Soil moisture logs are included in Appendix C.

#### 3.4 FIELD ACTIVITIES

## 3.4.1 <u>Setup/Mobilization</u>

These activities included initial mobilization and daily equipment preparation and breakdown. The four-person crew took 3-hours and 35 minutes to perform the initial setup and mobilization on 7 June 2004. There was 1 hour of daily equipment preparation and end of day equipment break down that lasted 45 minutes.

#### 3.4.2 <u>Calibration</u>

NRL spent a total time of 6 hours and 23 minutes in the calibration lanes, of this time 25 minutes was spent calibrating and 1-hour and 43 minutes was spent collecting data. An additional 1-hour and 20 minutes were spent calibrating while surveying in the Open Field.

#### **3.4.3 Downtime Occasions**

Occasions of downtime are grouped into five categories: equipment/data checks or equipment maintenance, equipment failure and repair, weather, Demonstration Site issues, or lunch/breaks. All downtime is included for the purposes of calculating labor costs (section 5) except for downtime due to Demonstration Site issues. Demonstration Site issues, while noted in the Daily Log, are considered non-chargeable downtime for the purposes of calculating labor costs and are not included. Breaks and lunches are included in this section and billed to the total Site Survey area.

- **3.4.3.1** Equipment/data checks, maintenance. Equipment/data checks and maintenance activities accounted for 1 hour and 20 minutes of site usage time. These activities included changing out batteries and routine data checks to ensure data were being properly recorded/collected. In addition, the NRL crew spent 1 hour and 50 minutes on breaks and lunches.
- **3.4.3.2** Equipment failure or repair. There were two equipment failures that occurred while surveying in the Open Field area: 1) The vehicle got a flat tire during the survey, 25 minutes of survey time was lost. 2) NRL also had a GEM-3 sensor cable fail. It was immediately replaced and 10 minutes of survey time was lost.
- **3.4.3.3 Weather.** No delays occurred due to weather.

#### 3.4.4 <u>Data Collection</u>

NRL spent a total time of 22 hours and 30 minutes in the Open Field area, 17 hours of which was spent collecting data. In addition, 1-hour and 20 minutes was spent calibrating which has been billed to the total Calibration portion in section 5 of this report.

## 3.4.5 <u>Demobilization</u>

NRL went on to survey the entire APG Site. Therefore, actual demobilization did not occur until 9 June 2004. On that day, 1-hour was spent demobilizing all of the equipment.

#### 3.5 PROCESSING TIME

NRL submitted the raw data from demonstration activities on a date required by the test director. The scoring submission data were also provided within the required 30-day timeframe.

#### 3.6 DEMONSTRATOR'S FIELD SURVEYING METHOD

NRL began surveying the Open Field area towards the southwest corner to maximize the distance of lines. NRL continued to the northeast corner and then went back and covered the smaller areas where line distance was not attainable.

#### 3.7 SUMMARY OF DAILY LOGS

Daily logs capture all field activities during this demonstration and are located in Appendix D. Activities pertinent to this specific demonstration are indicated in highlighted text.

# **SECTION 4. TECHNICAL PERFORMANCE RESULTS**

## 4.1 ROC CURVES USING ALL ORDNANCE CATEGORIES

Figure 2 shows the probability of detection for the response stage  $(P_d^{\, res})$  and the discrimination stage  $(P_d^{\, disc})$  versus their respective probability of false positive. Figure 3 shows both probabilities plotted against their respective background alarm rate. Both figures use horizontal lines to illustrate the performance of the demonstrator at two demonstrator-specified points: at the system noise level for the response stage, representing the point below which targets are not considered detectable, and at the demonstrator's recommended threshold level for the discrimination stage, defining the subset of targets the demonstrator would recommend digging based on discrimination. Note that all points have been rounded to protect the ground truth.

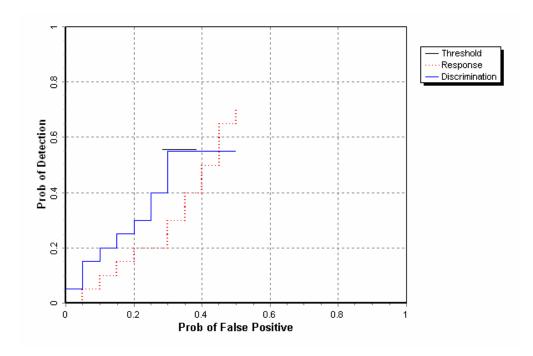


Figure 2. MTADS (GEM-3) towed open field probability of detection for response and discrimination stages versus their respective probability of false positive over all ordnance categories combined.

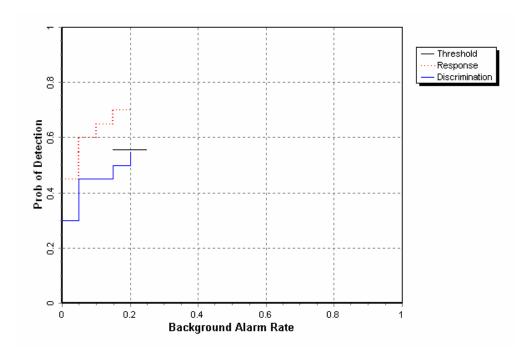


Figure 3. MTADS (GEM-3) towed open field probability of detection for response and discrimination stages versus their respective background alarm rate over all ordnance categories combined.

## 4.2 ROC CURVES USING ORDNANCE LARGER THAN 20 MM

Figure 4 shows the probability of detection for the response stage  $(P_d^{\text{res}})$  and the discrimination stage  $(P_d^{\text{disc}})$  versus their respective  $P_{fp}$  when only targets larger than 20 mm are scored. Figure 5 shows both probabilities plotted against their respective BAR. Both figures use a horizontal line to illustrate the performance of the demonstrator at the demonstrator's recommended discrimination stage threshold level, which defines the subset of targets the demonstrator would recommend digging based on discrimination. Note that all points have been rounded to protect the ground truth.

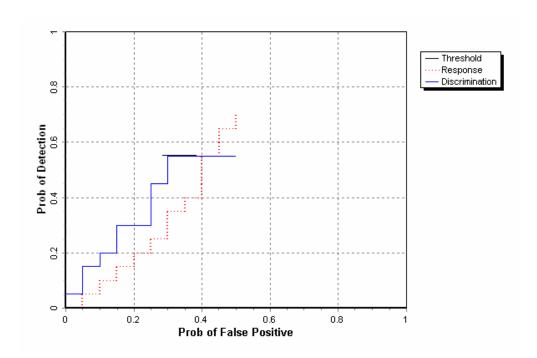


Figure 4. MTADS (GEM-3) towed open field probability of detection for response and discrimination stages versus their respective probability of false positive for all ordnance larger than 20 mm.

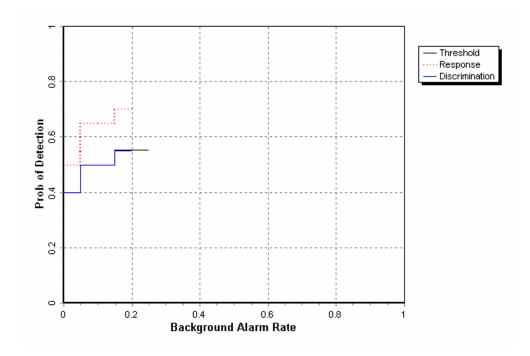


Figure 5. MTADS (GEM-3) towed open field probability of detection for response and discrimination stages versus their respective background alarm rate for all ordnance larger than 20 mm.

#### 4.3 PERFORMANCE SUMMARIES

Results for the Open field test broken out by size, depth and nonstandard ordnance are presented in Table 5 (for cost results, see section 5). Results by size and depth include both standard and nonstandard ordnance. The results by size show how well the demonstrator did at detecting/discriminating ordnance of a certain caliber range (see app A for size definitions). The results are relative to the number of ordnance items emplaced.

The RESPONSE STAGE results are derived from the list of anomalies above the demonstrator-provided noise level. The results for the DISCRIMINATION STAGE are derived from the demonstrator's recommended threshold for optimizing UXO field cleanup by minimizing false digs and maximizing ordnance recovery. The lower 90-percent confidence limit on probability of detection and  $P_{\rm fp}$  was calculated assuming that the number of detections and false positives are binomially distributed random variables. All results in Table 5 have been rounded to protect the ground truth. However, lower confidence limits were calculated using actual results.

TABLE 5. SUMMARY OF OPEN FIELD RESULTS FOR THE MTADS (GEM-3)

					By Size			By Depth, m		
Metric	Overall	Standard	Nonstandard	Small	Medium	Large	< 0.3	0.3 to <1	>= 1	
			RESPONSE ST	ΓAGE						
$P_d$	0.70	0.75	0.65	0.70	0.70	0.80	0.80	0.65	0.50	
P <sub>d</sub> Low 90% Conf	0.68	0.71	0.60	0.65	0.62	0.71	0.77	0.61	0.44	
P <sub>d</sub> Upper 90% Conf	0.74	0.79	0.71	0.75	0.74	0.84	0.86	0.73	0.61	
$P_{fp}$	0.50	-	-	-	-	-	0.45	0.55	0.70	
P <sub>fp</sub> Low 90% Conf	0.48	-	-	-	-	-	0.41	0.52	0.50	
P <sub>fp</sub> Upper 90% Conf	0.52	-	-	-	-	-	0.47	0.58	0.84	
BAR	0.20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
			DISCRIMINATIO	N STAG	E					
$P_d$	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.60	0.60	0.55	0.45	
P <sub>d</sub> Low 90% Conf	0.52	0.51	0.49	0.51	0.47	0.49	0.54	0.51	0.34	
P <sub>d</sub> Upper 90% Conf	0.59	0.61	0.61	0.62	0.59	0.65	0.65	0.63	0.52	
$P_{fp}$	0.35	-	-	-	-	-	0.30	0.35	0.45	
P <sub>fp</sub> Low 90% Conf	0.31	-	-	-	-	i	0.28	0.33	0.26	
P <sub>fp</sub> Upper 90% Conf	0.35	-	-	-	-	-	0.34	0.38	0.62	
BAR	0.20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Response Stage Noise Level: 7.00

Recommended Discrimination Stage Threshold: 125.00

## 4.4 EFFICIENCY, REJECTION RATES, AND TYPE CLASSIFICATION

Efficiency and rejection rates are calculated to quantify the discrimination ability at specific points of interest on the ROC curve: (1) at the point where no decrease in  $P_d$  is suffered (i.e., the efficiency is by definition equal to one) and (2) at the operator selected threshold. These values are reported in Table 6.

TABLE 6. EFFICIENCY AND REJECTION RATES FOR THE MTADS (GEM-3)

	Efficiency (E)	False Positive Rejection Rate	Background Alarm Rejection Rate
At Operating Point	0.78	0.33	0.10
With No Loss of P <sub>d</sub>	1.00	0.02	0.00

At the demonstrator's recommended setting, the ordnance items that were detected and correctly discriminated were further scored on whether their correct type could be identified (table 7). Correct type examples include "20-mm projectile, 105-mm Projectile, and 2.75-inch Rocket". A list of the standard type declaration required for each ordnance item was provided to demonstrators prior to testing. For example, the standard type for the three example items are 20mmP, 105H, and 2.75in, respectively.

TABLE 7. CORRECT TYPE CLASSIFICATION
OF TARGETS CORRECTLY
DISCRIMINATED AS UXO

Size	% Correct
Small	23.5
Medium	7.7
Large	33.3
Overall	20.3

#### 4.5 LOCATION ACCURACY

The mean and standard deviations of location accuracy are presented in Table 8 for each of the three dimensions of location. Location accuracy was calculated for those ordnance items correctly identified in the discrimination stage. Note that depth is measured from the closest point of the ordnance to the surface.

# TABLE 8. MEAN LOCATION ACCURACY AND STANDARD DEVIATION FOR THE MTADS (GEM-3)

	Mean, m	Standard Deviation, m
Northing	0.01	0.17
Easting	0.00	0.16
Depth	-0.07	0.43

# **SECTION 5. ON-SITE LABOR COSTS**

A standardized estimate for labor costs associated with this effort was calculated as follows: the first person at the test site was designated "supervisor", the second person was designated "data analyst", and the third and following personnel were considered "field support". Standardized hourly labor rates were charged by title: supervisor at \$95.00/hour, data analyst at \$57.00/hour, and field support at \$28.50/hour.

Government representatives monitored on-site activity. All on site activities were grouped into one of ten categories: initial setup/mobilization, daily setup/stop, calibration, collecting data, downtime due to break/lunch, downtime due to equipment failure, downtime due to equipment/data checks or maintenance, downtime due to weather, downtime due to demonstration site issue, or demobilization. See Appendix D for the daily activity log. See section 3.4 for a summary of field activities.

The standardized cost estimate associated with the labor needed to perform the field activities is presented in Table 9. Note that calibration time includes time spent in the Calibration Lanes as well as field calibrations. "Site survey time" includes daily setup/stop time, collecting data, breaks/lunch, downtime due to equipment/data checks or maintenance, downtime due to failure, and downtime due to weather.

TABLE 9. ON-SITE LABOR COSTS

	No. People	Hourly Wage	Hours	Cost				
INITIAL SETUP								
Supervisor	1	\$95.00	3.58	\$340.10				
Data Analyst	1	57.00	3.58	204.06				
Field Support	2	28.50	3.58	204.06				
Subtotal				\$748.22				
	C	CALIBRATION						
Supervisor	1	\$95.00	7.72	\$733.40				
Data Analyst	1	57.00	7.72	440.04				
Field Support	2	28.50	7.72	440.04				
Subtotal				\$1,13.48				
	(	SITE SURVEY						
Supervisor	1	\$95.00	22.50	\$2,137.50				
Data Analyst	1	57.00	22.50	1,282.50				
Field Support	2	28.50	22.50	1,282.50				
Subtotal				\$4,702.50				

See notes at end of table.

TABLE 9 (CONT'D)

	No. People	Hourly Wage	Hours	Cost			
DEMOBILIZATION							
Supervisor	1	\$95.00	1.00	95.00			
Data Analyst	1	57.00	1.00	57.00			
Field Support	2	28.50	1.00	57.00			
Subtotal				\$209.00			
Total				\$7,273.20			

Notes: Calibration time includes time spent in the Calibration Lanes as well as calibration before each data run.

Site Survey time includes daily setup/stop time, collecting data, breaks/lunch, downtime due to system maintenance, failure, and weather.

## SECTION 6. COMPARISON OF RESULTS TO BLIND GRID DEMONSTRATION

#### 6.1 SUMMARY OF RESULTS FROM BLIND GRID DEMONSTRATION

Table 10 shows the results from Blind Grid survey conducted prior to surveying the open field during the same site visit in June of 2004. For more details on the Blind Grid survey results reference section 2.1.6.

TABLE 10. SUMMARY OF BLIND GRID RESULTS FOR THE EM61

				By Size		By Depth, m			
Metric	Overall	Standard	Nonstandard	Small	Medium	Large	< 0.3	0.3 to <1	>= 1
RESPONSE STAGE									
$P_d$	0.85	0.90	0.85	1.00	0.75	0.80	1.00	1.00	0.20
P <sub>d</sub> Low 90% Conf	0.81	0.80	0.73	0.91	0.61	0.55	0.94	0.92	0.08
P <sub>d</sub> Upper 90% Conf	0.91	0.94	0.92	1.00	0.84	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.42
$P_{fp}$	0.95	-	=	-	-	-	0.95	0.95	1.00
P <sub>fp</sub> Low 90% Conf	0.90	-	-	-	-	-	0.89	0.85	0.63
P <sub>fp</sub> Upper 90% Conf	0.97	-	-	-	-	-	0.99	0.97	1.00
$P_{ba}$	0.15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DISCRIMINATION STAGE									
$P_d$	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.95	0.60	0.70	0.90	0.95	0.20
P <sub>d</sub> Low 90% Conf	0.73	0.69	0.69	0.88	0.48	0.45	0.81	0.83	0.08
P <sub>d</sub> Upper 90% Conf	0.85	0.86	0.90	0.99	0.73	0.88	0.96	0.98	0.42
$P_{fp}$	0.65	-	-	-	-	-	0.60	0.75	0.80
P <sub>fp</sub> Low 90% Conf	0.60	-	-	-	-	-	0.49	0.63	0.42
P <sub>fp</sub> Upper 90% Conf	0.73	-	=	-	-	-	0.69	0.83	0.98
P <sub>ba</sub>	0.15	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-

#### 6.2 COMPARISON OF ROC CURVES USING ALL ORDNANCE CATEGORIES

Figure 6 shows  $P_d^{res}$  versus the respective  $P_{fp}$  over all ordnance categories. Figure 7 shows  $P_d^{disc}$  versus their respective  $P_{fp}$  over all ordnance categories. Figure 7 uses horizontal lines to illustrate the performance of the demonstrator at the recommended discrimination threshold levels, defining the subset of targets the demonstrator would recommend digging based on discrimination.

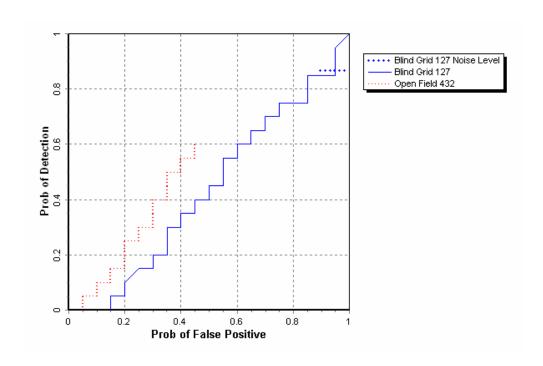


Figure 6. MTADS GEM-3 towed  $P_d^{\ res}$  stages versus the respective  $P_{fp}$  over all ordnance categories combined.

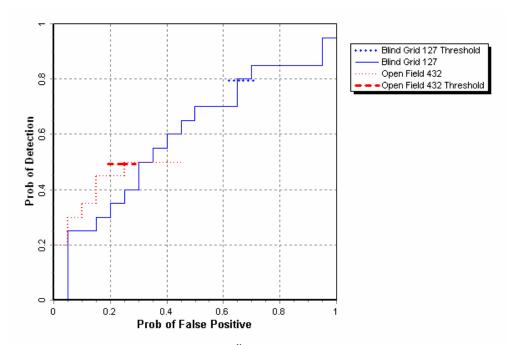


Figure 7. MTADS GEM-3 towed  $P_d^{\, disc}$  versus the respective  $P_{fp}$  over all ordnance categories combined.

#### 6.3 COMPARISON OF ROC CURVES USING ORDNANCE LARGER THAN 20 MM

Figure 8 shows the  $P_d^{\ res}$  versus the respective probability of  $P_{fp}$  over ordnance larger than 20 mm. Figure 9 shows  $P_d^{\ disc}$  versus the respective  $P_{fp}$  over ordnance larger than 20 mm. Figure 9 uses horizontal lines to illustrate the performance of the demonstrator at the recommended discrimination threshold levels, defining the subset of targets the demonstrator would recommend digging based on discrimination.

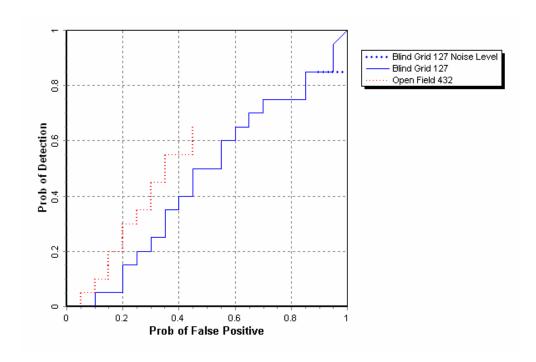


Figure 8. MTADS GEM-3 towed  $P_d^{res}$  versus the respective  $P_{fp}$  for ordnance larger than 20 mm.

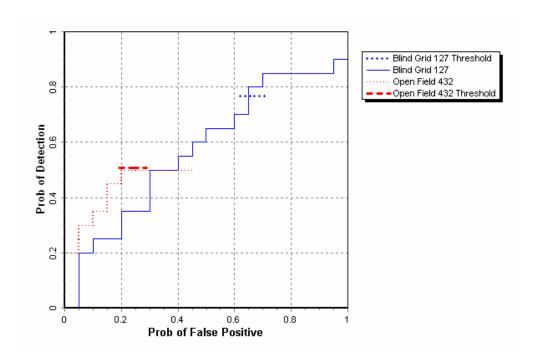


Figure 9. MTADS GEM-3 towed  $P_d^{disc}$  versus the respective  $P_{fp}$  for ordnance larger than 20 mm.

#### 6.4 STATISTICAL COMPARISONS

Statistical Chi-square significance tests were used to compare results between the Blind Grid and Open Field scenarios. The intent of the comparison is to determine if the feature introduced in each scenario has a degrading effect on the performance of the sensor system. However, any modifications in the UXO sensor system during the test, like changes in the processing or changes in the selection of the operating threshold, will also contribute to performance differences.

The Chi-square test for comparison between ratios was used at a significance level of 0.05 to compare Blind Grid to Open Field with regard to  $P_d^{res}$ ,  $P_d^{disc}$ ,  $P_{fp}^{res}$  and  $P_{fp}^{disc}$ , Efficiency and Rejection Rate. These results are presented in Table 11. A detailed explanation and example of the Chi-square application is located in Appendix A.

TABLE 11. CHI-SQUARE RESULTS - BLIND GRID VERSUS OPEN FIELD

Metric	Small	Medium	Large	Overall
$P_d^{res}$	Significant	Not Significant	Not Significant	Significant
$P_d^{disc}$	Significant	Not Significant	Not Significant	Significant
$P_{\mathrm{fp}}^{\mathrm{res}}$	Not Significant	Not Significant	Not Significant	Not Significant
$P_{\mathrm{fp}}^{\mathrm{disc}}$	-	-	-	Significant
Efficiency	-			Significant
Rejection rate	-	-	-	Significant

#### **SECTION 7. APPENDIXES**

#### APPENDIX A. TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

#### **GENERAL DEFINITIONS**

Anomaly: Location of a system response deemed to warrant further investigation by the demonstrator for consideration as an emplaced ordnance item.

Detection: An anomaly location that is within R<sub>halo</sub> of an emplaced ordnance item.

Emplaced Ordnance: An ordnance item buried by the government at a specified location in the test site.

Emplaced Clutter: A clutter item (i.e., non-ordnance item) buried by the government at a specified location in the test site.

 $R_{halo}$ : A pre-determined radius about the periphery of an emplaced item (clutter or ordnance) within which a location identified by the demonstrator as being of interest is considered to be a response from that item. For the purpose of this program, a circular halo 0.5 meters in radius will be placed around the center of the object for all clutter and ordnance items less than 0.6 meters in length. When ordnance items are longer than 0.6 meters, the halo becomes an ellipse where the minor axis remains 1 meter and the major axis is equal to the projected length of the ordnance onto the ground plane plus 1 meter.

Small Ordnance: Caliber of ordnance less than or equal to 40-mm (includes 20-mm projectile, 40-mm projectile, submunitions BLU-26, BLU-63, and M42).

Medium Ordnance: Caliber of ordnance greater than 40-mm and less than or equal to 81 mm (includes 57-mm projectile, 60-mm mortar, 2.75-inch Rocket, MK118 Rockeye, 81-mm mortar).

Large Ordnance: Caliber of ordnance greater than 81-mm (includes 105-mm HEAT, 105-mm projectile, 155-mm projectile, 500-lb bomb).

Shallow: Items buried less than 0.3 meter below ground surface.

Medium: Items buried greater than or equal to 0.3 meter and less than 1 meter below ground surface.

Deep: Items buried greater than or equal to 1 meter below ground surface.

Response Stage Noise Level: The level that represents the point below which anomalies are not considered detectable. Demonstrators are required to provide the recommended noise level for the Blind Grid test area.

Discrimination Stage Threshold: The demonstrator selects the threshold level that they believe provides optimum performance of the system by retaining all detectable ordnance and rejecting the maximum amount of clutter. This level defines the subset of anomalies the demonstrator would recommend digging based on discrimination.

Binomially Distributed Random Variable: A random variable of the type which has only two possible outcomes, say success and failure, is repeated for n independent trials with the probability p of success and the probability 1-p of failure being the same for each trial. The number of successes x observed in the n trials is an estimate of p and is considered to be a binomially distributed random variable.

#### RESPONSE AND DISCRIMINATION STAGE DATA

The scoring of the demonstrator's performance is conducted in two stages. These two stages are termed the RESPONSE STAGE and DISCRIMINATION STAGE. For both stages, the probability of detection  $(P_d)$  and the false alarms are reported as receiver-operating characteristic (ROC) curves. False alarms are divided into those anomalies that correspond to emplaced clutter items, measuring the probability of false positive  $(P_{fp})$  and those that do not correspond to any known item, termed background alarms.

The RESPONSE STAGE scoring evaluates the ability of the system to detect emplaced targets without regard to ability to discriminate ordnance from other anomalies. For the RESPONSE STAGE, the demonstrator provides the scoring committee with the location and signal strength of all anomalies that the demonstrator has deemed sufficient to warrant further investigation and/or processing as potential emplaced ordnance items. This list is generated with minimal processing (e.g., this list will include all signals above the system noise threshold). As such, it represents the most inclusive list of anomalies.

The DISCRIMINATION STAGE evaluates the demonstrator's ability to correctly identify ordnance as such, and to reject clutter. For the same locations as in the RESPONSE STAGE anomaly list, the DISCRIMINATION STAGE list contains the output of the algorithms applied in the discrimination-stage processing. This list is prioritized based on the demonstrator's determination that an anomaly location is likely to contain ordnance. Thus, higher output values are indicative of higher confidence that an ordnance item is present at the specified location. For electronic signal processing, priority ranking is based on algorithm output. For other systems, priority ranking is based on human judgment. The demonstrator also selects the threshold that the demonstrator believes will provide "optimum" system performance (i.e., that retains all the detected ordnance and rejects the maximum amount of clutter).

Note: The two lists provided by the demonstrator contain identical numbers of potential target locations. They differ only in the priority ranking of the declarations.

#### RESPONSE STAGE DEFINITIONS

Response Stage Probability of Detection  $(P_d^{res})$ :  $P_d^{res} = (No. of response-stage detections)/(No. of emplaced ordnance in the test site).$ 

Response Stage False Positive ( $fp^{res}$ ): An anomaly location that is within  $R_{halo}$  of an emplaced clutter item.

Response Stage Probability of False Positive  $(P_{fp}^{res})$ :  $P_{fp}^{res} = (No. of response-stage false positives)/(No. of emplaced clutter items).$ 

Response Stage Background Alarm: An anomaly in a blind grid cell that contains neither emplaced ordnance nor an emplaced clutter item. An anomaly location in the open field or scenarios that is outside  $R_{halo}$  of any emplaced ordnance or emplaced clutter item.

Response Stage Probability of Background Alarm ( $P_{ba}^{res}$ ): Blind Grid only:  $P_{ba}^{res} = (No. of response-stage background alarms)/(No. of empty grid locations).$ 

Response Stage Background Alarm Rate (BAR $^{res}$ ): Open Field only: BAR $^{res}$  = (No. of response-stage background alarms)/(arbitrary constant).

Note that the quantities  $P_d^{res}$ ,  $P_{fp}^{res}$ ,  $P_{ba}^{res}$ , and  $BAR^{res}$  are functions of  $t^{res}$ , the threshold applied to the response-stage signal strength. These quantities can, therefore, be written as  $P_d^{res}(t^{res})$ ,  $P_{fp}^{res}(t^{res})$ ,  $P_{ba}^{res}(t^{res})$ , and  $BAR^{res}(t^{res})$ .

#### DISCRIMINATION STAGE DEFINITIONS

Discrimination: The application of a signal processing algorithm or human judgment to response-stage data that discriminates ordnance from clutter. Discrimination should identify anomalies that the demonstrator has high confidence correspond to ordnance, as well as those that the demonstrator has high confidence correspond to non-ordnance or background returns. The former should be ranked with highest priority and the latter with lowest.

Discrimination Stage Probability of Detection  $(P_d^{\ disc})$ :  $P_d^{\ disc} = (No.\ of\ discrimination-stage\ detections)/(No.\ of\ emplaced\ ordnance\ in\ the\ test\ site).$ 

Discrimination Stage False Positive ( $fp^{disc}$ ): An anomaly location that is within  $R_{halo}$  of an emplaced clutter item.

Discrimination Stage Probability of False Positive ( $P_{fp}^{disc}$ ):  $P_{fp}^{disc} = (No. of discrimination stage false positives)/(No. of emplaced clutter items).$ 

Discrimination Stage Background Alarm: An anomaly in a blind grid cell that contains neither emplaced ordnance nor an emplaced clutter item. An anomaly location in the open field or scenarios that is outside  $R_{\text{halo}}$  of any emplaced ordnance or emplaced clutter item.

Discrimination Stage Probability of Background Alarm ( $P_{ba}^{disc}$ ):  $P_{ba}^{disc} = (No. of discrimination-stage background alarms)/(No. of empty grid locations).$ 

Discrimination Stage Background Alarm Rate (BAR<sup>disc</sup>): BAR<sup>disc</sup> = (No. of discrimination-stage background alarms)/(arbitrary constant).

Note that the quantities  $P_d^{\, disc}$ ,  $P_{fp}^{\, disc}$ ,  $P_{ba}^{\, disc}$ , and  $BAR^{disc}$  are functions of  $t^{disc}$ , the threshold applied to the discrimination-stage signal strength. These quantities can, therefore, be written as  $P_d^{\, disc}(t^{disc})$ ,  $P_{fp}^{\, disc}(t^{disc})$ ,  $P_{ba}^{\, disc}(t^{disc})$ , and  $BAR^{\, disc}(t^{disc})$ .

#### RECEIVER-OPERATING CHARACERISTIC (ROC) CURVES

ROC curves at both the response and discrimination stages can be constructed based on the above definitions. The ROC curves plot the relationship between  $P_d$  versus  $P_{fp}$  and  $P_d$  versus BAR or  $P_{ba}$  as the threshold applied to the signal strength is varied from its minimum ( $t_{min}$ ) to its maximum ( $t_{max}$ ) value. Figure A-1 shows how  $P_d$  versus  $P_{fp}$  and  $P_d$  versus BAR are combined into ROC curves. Note that the "res" and "disc" superscripts have been suppressed from all the variables for clarity.

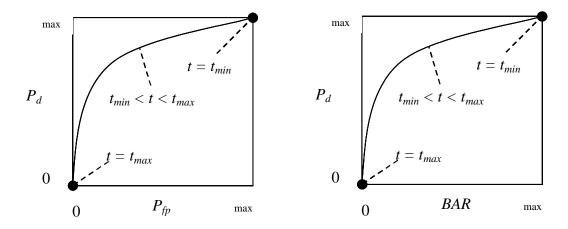


Figure A-1. ROC curves for open-field testing. Each curve applies to both the response and discrimination stages.

 $<sup>^1</sup>$ Strictly speaking, ROC curves plot the  $P_d$  versus  $P_{ba}$  over a predetermined and fixed number of detection opportunities (some of the opportunities are located over ordnance and others are located over clutter or blank spots). In an open field scenario, each system suppresses its signal strength reports until some bare-minimum signal response is received by the system. Consequently, the open field ROC curves do not have information from low signal-output locations, and, furthermore, different contractors report their signals over a different set of locations on the ground. These ROC curves are thus not true to the strict definition of ROC curves as defined in textbooks on detection theory. Note, however, that the ROC curves obtained in the Blind Grid test sites are true ROC curves.

#### METRICS TO CHARACTERIZE THE DISCRIMINATION STAGE

The demonstrator is also scored on efficiency and rejection ratio, which measure the effectiveness of the discrimination stage processing. The goal of discrimination is to retain the greatest number of ordnance detections from the anomaly list, while rejecting the maximum number of anomalies arising from non-ordnance items. The efficiency measures the amount of detected ordnance retained by the discrimination, while the rejection ratio measures the fraction of false alarms rejected. Both measures are defined relative to the entire response list, i.e., the maximum ordnance detectable by the sensor and its accompanying false positive rate or background alarm rate.

Efficiency (E):  $E = P_d^{disc}(t^{disc})/P_d^{res}(t_{min}^{res})$ : measures (at a threshold of interest), the degree to which the maximum theoretical detection performance of the sensor system (as determined by the response stage  $t_{min}$ ) is preserved after application of discrimination techniques. Efficiency is a number between 0 and 1. An efficiency of 1 implies that all of the ordnance initially detected in the response stage was retained at the specified threshold in the discrimination stage,  $t^{disc}$ .

False Positive Rejection Rate  $(R_{fp})$ :  $R_{fp} = 1$  -  $[P_{fp}^{\ disc}(t^{disc})/P_{fp}^{\ res}(t_{min}^{\ res})]$ : measures (at a threshold of interest), the degree to which the sensor system's false positive performance is improved over the maximum false positive performance (as determined by the response stage  $t_{min}$ ). The rejection rate is a number between 0 and 1. A rejection rate of 1 implies that all emplaced clutter initially detected in the response stage were correctly rejected at the specified threshold in the discrimination stage.

Background Alarm Rejection Rate (R<sub>ba</sub>):

```
\begin{array}{l} Blind~Grid:~R_{ba}=1~\text{-}~[P_{ba}^{~disc}(t^{disc})/P_{ba}^{~res}(t_{min}^{~res})]\\ Open~Field:~R_{ba}=1~\text{-}~[BAR^{disc}(t^{disc})/BAR^{res}(t_{min}^{~res})]) \end{array}
```

Measures the degree to which the discrimination stage correctly rejects background alarms initially detected in the response stage. The rejection rate is a number between 0 and 1. A rejection rate of 1 implies that all background alarms initially detected in the response stage were rejected at the specified threshold in the discrimination stage.

#### CHI-SQUARE COMPARISON EXPLANATION:

The Chi-square test for differences in probabilities (or 2 x 2 contingency table) is used to analyze two samples drawn from two different populations to see if both populations have the same or different proportions of elements in a certain category. More specifically, two random samples are drawn, one from each population, to test the null hypothesis that the probability of event A (some specified event) is the same for both populations (ref 4, pages 144 through 151).

A 2 x 2 contingency table is used in the Standardized UXO Technology Demonstration Site Program to determine if there is reason to believe that the proportion of ordnance correctly detected/discriminated by demonstrator X's system is significantly degraded by the more

challenging terrain feature introduced. The test statistic of the 2 x 2 contingency table is the Chi-square distribution with one degree of freedom. Since an association between the more challenging terrain feature and relatively degraded performance is sought, a one-sided test is performed. A significance level of 0.05 is chosen which sets a critical decision limit of 2.71 from the Chi-square distribution with one degree of freedom. It is a critical decision limit because if the test statistic calculated from the data exceeds this value, the two proportions tested will be considered significantly different. If the test statistic calculated from the data is less than this value, the two proportions tested will be considered not significantly different.

An exception must be applied when either a 0 or 100 percent success rate occurs in the sample data. The Chi-square test cannot be used in these instances. Instead, Fischer's test is used and the critical decision limit for one-sided tests is the chosen significance level, which in this case is 0.05. With Fischer's test, if the test statistic is less than the critical value, the proportions are considered to be significantly different.

Standardized UXO Technology Demonstration Site examples, where blind grid results are compared to those from the open field and open field results are compared to those from one of the scenarios, follow. It should be noted that a significant result does not prove a cause and effect relationship exists between the two populations of interest; however, it does serve as a tool to indicate that one data set has experienced a degradation in system performance at a large enough level than can be accounted for merely by chance or random variation. Note also that a result that is not significant indicates that there is not enough evidence to declare that anything more than chance or random variation within the same population is at work between the two data sets being compared.

Demonstrator X achieves the following overall results after surveying each of the three progressively more difficult areas using the same system (results indicate the number of ordnance detected divided by the number of ordnance emplaced):

Blind Grid	Open Field	Moguls
$P_d^{\text{res}} 100/100 = 1.0$	8/10 = .80	20/33 = .61
$P_d^{disc} 80/100 = 0.80$	6/10 = .60	8/33 = .24

P<sub>d</sub><sup>res</sup>: BLIND GRID versus OPEN FIELD. Using the example data above to compare probabilities of detection in the response stage, all 100 ordnance out of 100 emplaced ordnance items were detected in the blind grid while 8 ordnance out of 10 emplaced were detected in the open field. Fischer's test must be used since a 100 percent success rate occurs in the data. Fischer's test uses the four input values to calculate a test statistic of 0.0075 that is compared against the critical value of 0.05. Since the test statistic is less than the critical value, the smaller response stage detection rate (0.80) is considered to be significantly less at the 0.05 level of significance. While a significant result does not prove a cause and effect relationship exists between the change in survey area and degradation in performance, it does indicate that the detection ability of demonstrator X's system seems to have been degraded in the open field relative to results from the blind grid using the same system.

 $P_d^{\rm disc}$ : BLIND GRID versus OPEN FIELD. Using the example data above to compare probabilities of detection in the discrimination stage, 80 out of 100 emplaced ordnance items were correctly discriminated as ordnance in blind grid testing while 6 ordnance out of 10 emplaced were correctly discriminated as such in open field testing. Those four values are used to calculate a test statistic of 1.12. Since the test statistic is less than the critical value of 2.71, the two discrimination stage detection rates are considered to be not significantly different at the 0.05 level of significance.

P<sub>d</sub><sup>res</sup>: OPEN FIELD versus MOGULS. Using the example data above to compare probabilities of detection in the response stage, 8 out of 10 and 20 out of 33 are used to calculate a test statistic of 0.56. Since the test statistic is less than the critical value of 2.71, the two response stage detection rates are considered to be not significantly different at the 0.05 level of significance.

 $P_d^{disc}$ : OPEN FIELD versus MOGULS. Using the example data above to compare probabilities of detection in the discrimination stage, 6 out of 10 and 8 out of 33 are used to calculate a test statistic of 2.98. Since the test statistic is greater than the critical value of 2.71, the smaller discrimination stage detection rate is considered to be significantly less at the 0.05 level of significance. While a significant result does not prove a cause and effect relationship exists between the change in survey area and degradation in performance, it does indicate that the ability of demonstrator X to correctly discriminate seems to have been degraded by the mogul terrain relative to results from the flat open field using the same system.

## APPENDIX B. DAILY WEATHER LOGS

## TABLE B-1. WEATHER LOG

Weather Data from Phillips Airfield						
Date & Time	Average Temp	Maximum Temp (°F)	Minimum Temp (°F)	Relative Humidity (%)	Total Precip (in)	
9/24/2003	59.0	60.6	57.7	88.90	0.00	
0100						
9/24/2003	58.3	59.1	57.6	94.40	0.00	
0200						
9/24/2003	57.8	58.2	57.1	87.10	0.00	
0300						
9/24/2003	56.7	58.2	55.8	92.80	0.00	
0400						
9/24/2003	57.4	58.0	56.7	92.40	0.00	
0500						
9/24/2003	57.9	58.6	57.3	86.10	0.00	
0600	<b>5</b> 0.0		<b>7</b> 0.1	0.1.40	0.00	
9/24/2003	59.8	61.8	58.1	81.40	0.00	
0700	62.7	64.0	61.0	77.56	0.00	
9/24/2003	62.7	64.0	61.3	77.56	0.00	
0800	64.4		62.4	7.6.20	0.00	
9/24/2003	64.4	65.8	63.4	76.29	0.00	
0900	66.0	69.7	(5.2	70.26	0.00	
9/24/2003	66.9	68.7	65.3	70.26	0.00	
1000 9/24/2003	69.3	70.6	68.1	59.38	0.00	
1100	09.3	70.0	08.1	39.36	0.00	
9/24/2003	70.0	70.7	69.5	55.20	0.00	
1200	70.0	70.7	09.3	33.20	0.00	
9/24/2003	71.5	73.2	69.7	56.52	0.00	
1300	/1.5	13.2	09.7	30.32	0.00	
9/24/2003	72.1	72.7	71.4	55.08	0.00	
1400	72.1	12.1	71.4	33.00	0.00	
9/24/2003	72.1	72.7	71.3	50.98	0.00	
1500	72.1	72.7	71.5	30.70	0.00	
9/24/2003	71.5	72.0	71.1	48.35	0.00	
1600	11.5	. 2.0	, 1.1		0.00	
9/24/2003	71.1	71.7	70.0	50.83	0.00	
1700						
9/24/2003	67.8	70.2	65.6	57.91	0.00	
1800						
9/24/2003	64.6	65.9	63.4	67.42	0.00	
1900						
9/24/2003	64.3	65.4	63.5	73.73	0.00	
2000						
9/24/2003	63.8	65.2	62.8	78.67	0.00	
2100						
9/24/2003	64.5	65.5	62.7	79.89	0.00	
2200						
9/24/2003	62.2	63.1	61.4	84.10	0.00	
2300						

TABLE B-1. WEATHER LOG

Weather Data from Phillips Airfield					
Date & Time	Average Temp	Maximum Temp (°F)	Minimum Temp (°F)	Relative Humidity (%)	Total Precip
9/25/2003	62.2	63.2	60.6	85.50	0.00
0000	02.2	03.2	00.0	03.50	0.00
9/25/2003	61.5	62.3	60.8	84.80	0.00
0100					
9/25/2003	62.5	63.1	61.9	87.70	0.00
0200					
9/25/2003	62.4	63.1	61.7	91.40	0.00
0300					
9/25/2003	62.3	62.8	61.7	93.90	0.00
0400					
9/25/2003	62.8	63.2	62.2	95.20	0.00
0500	£2.5	<b>62.2</b>	61.7	06.00	0.00
9/25/2003	62.5	63.2	61.7	96.90	0.00
0600 9/25/2003	62.8	64.7	61.3	98.00	0.00
0700	02.8	04.7	01.5	98.00	0.00
9/25/2003	65.6	66.5	64.4	94.70	0.00
0800	05.0	00.5	04.4	94.70	0.00
9/25/2003	68.6	70.5	66.2	89.10	0.00
0900	00.0	70.5	00.2	07.10	0.00
9/25/2003	71.3	72.4	70.0	80.50	0.00
1000					
9/25/2003	72.5	73.4	71.0	71.61	0.00
1100					
9/25/2003	73.9	74.9	72.6	69.14	0.00
1200					
9/25/2003	75.9	77.1	74.3	64.20	0.00
1300					
9/25/2003	77.2	78.0	76.5	62.31	0.00
1400	77.0	70.4	77.2	62.12	0.00
9/25/2003 1500	77.9	78.4	77.3	62.12	0.00
9/25/2003	77.5	78.4	75.5	62.43	0.00
1600	11.5	70.4	13.3	02.43	0.00
9/25/2003	75.6	76.7	74.2	67.93	0.00
1700	/3.0	70.7	, 7.2	0,.,5	0.00
9/25/2003	72.5	74.5	70.7	75.73	0.00
1800					2.00
9/25/2003	70.7	71.7	69.1	80.20	0.00
1900					
9/25/2003	70.1	71.3	68.5	82.10	0.00
2000					
9/25/2003	70.0	70.9	69.2	87.40	0.00
2100	10.5			1	
9/25/2003	68.9	69.5	68.1	85.40	0.01
2200	66.0	<b>60.3</b>	65.0	01.20	0.02
9/25/2003	66.9	68.3	66.3	91.20	0.03
2300					

TABLE B-1. WEATHER LOG

Weather Data from Phillips Airfield						
Date & Time	Average Temp	Maximum Temp (°F)	Minimum Temp (°F)	Relative Humidity (%)	Total Precip (in)	
10/2/2003	51.2	52.2	50.5	85.50	0.00	
0000 10/2/2003 0100	50.8	51.5	50.3	84.10	0.00	
10/2/2003 0200	51.1	52.0	50.1	78.56	0.00	
10/2/2003 0300	49.0	51.1	47.8	77.85	0.00	
10/2/2003 0400	47.8	48.8	46.8	79.08	0.00	
10/2/2003 0500	45.7	47.2	43.7	85.40	0.00	
10/2/2003 0600	44.5	45.7	43.5	87.90	0.00	
10/2/2003 0700	46.4	48.8	43.9	84.60	0.00	
10/2/2003 0800	48.7	50.4	47.2	78.77	0.00	
10/2/2003 0900	50.5	53.2	49.0	73.78	0.00	
10/2/2003 1000	54.0	56.1	52.7	64.64	0.00	
10/2/2003 1100	55.4	56.8	54.1	56.44	0.00	
10/2/2003 1200	56.0	57.7	54.4	45.55	0.00	
10/2/2003 1300 10/2/2003	54.7 54.8	55.5	53.3	40.33	0.00	
1400 10/2/2003	55.3	56.2	54.3	34.82	0.00	
1500 10/2/2003	55.1	56.2	54.5	35.37	0.00	
1600 10/2/2003	54.4	55.2	53.7	35.86	0.00	
1700 10/2/2003	52.3	54.0	50.5	41.73	0.00	
1800 10/2/2003	49.7	50.6	48.6	48.01	0.00	
1900 10/2/2003	48.6	49.6	47.4	52.65	0.00	
2000	48.8	49.3	48.2	56.72	0.00	
2100 10/2/2003	47.9	48.6	47.0	61.29	0.00	
2200 10/2/2003	46.6	47.6	45.6	66.45	0.00	
2300				30.75	0.00	

TABLE B-1 (CONT'D)

Weather Data from Phillips Airfield					
Date & Time	Average Temp	Maximum Temp (°F)	Minimum Temp (°F)	Relative Humidity (%)	Total Precip (in)
10/6/2003 0000	50.9	51.5	50.4	77.19	0.00
10/6/2003 0100	50.5	51.0	50.1	78.14	0.00
10/6/2003 0200	50.4	50.9	49.9	78.91	0.00
10/6/2003 0300	49.8	50.3	49.3	79.68	0.00
10/6/2003 0400	49.6	49.8	49.3	78.47	0.00
10/6/2003 0500	49.4	49.9	49.0	83.10	0.00
10/6/2003 0600	49.0	49.6	48.5	82.80	0.00
10/6/2003 0700	48.4	48.8	47.9	85.40	0.00
10/6/2003 0800	49.4	51.1	48.1	79.32	0.00
10/6/2003 0900	52.2	54.2	50.8	73.15	0.00
10/6/2003 1000	55.4	57.0	53.6	60.08	0.00
10/6/2003 1100	58.0	59.2	56.5	51.05	0.00
10/6/2003 1200	59.3	59.9	58.5	48.04	0.00
10/6/2003 1300	59.9	61.7	59.2	50.86	0.00
10/6/2003 1400	61.8	63.0	60.6	48.14	0.00
10/6/2003 1500	62.8	64.0	62.2	46.59	0.00
10/6/2003 1600	61.8	62.8	60.8	46.48	0.00
10/6/2003 1700	61.3	62.4	60.0	48.58	0.00
10/6/2003 1800	59.6	61.7	58.3	54.91	0.00
10/6/2003 1900	58.5	59.3	57.3	57.60	0.00
10/6/2003 2000	56.3	57.6	55.3	67.84	0.00
10/6/2003 2100	54.8	55.7	54.1	65.11	0.00
10/6/2003 2200	54.0	54.6	53.3	66.87	0.00
10/6/2003 2300	53.5	54.0	52.7	66.08	0.00

TABLE B-1 (CONT'D)

Weather Data from Phillips Airfield						
Date & Time	Average Temp	Maximum Temp (°F)	Minimum Temp (°F)	Relative Humidity (%)	Total Precip (in)	
6/7/2004 0000	57.1	57.9	56.1	100	0.00	
6/7/2004 0100	56.5	57.1	55.8	100	0.00	
6/7/2004 0200	55.6	56.3	54.7	100	0.00	
6/7/2004 0300	55.5	56.4	54.4	100	0.00	
6/7/2004 0400	54.3	55.1	53.5	100	0.00	
6/7/2004 0500	54.2	55	53	100	0.00	
6/7/2004 0600	55.1	56.9	53.8	100	0.00	
6/7/2004 0700	59.8	62.5	56.8	100	0.00	
6/7/2004 0800	64.4	66.7	62.3	98.5	0.00	
6/7/2004 0900	68.8	70.4	66.3	86.1	0.00	
6/7/2004 1000	71.1	72	69.9	80.7	0.00	
6/7/2004 1100	73.4	75.2	71.5	77.13	0.00	
6/7/2004 1200	74.7	75.7	73.7	75.85	0.00	
6/7/2004 1300	75.4	76.3	74	75.67	0.00	
6/7/2004 1400	76.6	78.1	75.2	72.85	0.00	
6/7/2004 1500	78.2	79.4	77	65.47	0.00	
6/7/2004 1600	78.6	79.5	78.1	63.73	0.00	
6/7/2004 1700	78.5	79.3	77.9	61.43	0.00	
6/7/2004 1800	77.9	78.5	77.3	61.85	0.00	
6/7/2004 1900	76	77.7	73.3	68.32	0.00	
6/7/2004 2000	71	73.7	69.1	81.7	0.00	
6/7/2004 2100	67.7	69.4	65.4	90.9	0.00	
6/7/2004 2200	65.7	66.5	65.1	97.8	0.00	
6/7/2004 2300	65.9	66.7	65.1	98	0.00	

TABLE B-1 (CONT'D)

Weather Data from Phillips Airfield						
Date & Time	Average Temp	Maximum Temp (°F)	Minimum Temp (°F)	Relative Humidity (%)	Total Precip (in)	
6/8/2004 0000	66.3	67.4	65.5	98.7	0.00	
6/8/2004 0100	65	65.8	63.9	99.3	0.00	
6/8/2004 0200	64.2	65.2	63.4	100	0.00	
6/8/2004 0300	63.3	64.5	62.1	100	0.00	
6/8/2004 0400	62.1	63.8	61.3	100	0.00	
6/8/2004 0500	61.1	62.1	60.1	100	0.00	
6/8/2004 0600	61.2	63	60.1	100	0.00	
6/8/2004 0700	66.3	68.5	62.7	100	0.00	
6/8/2004 0800	70.3	72.6	68	94.9	0.00	
6/8/2004 0900	74.1	76	72.3	85.4	0.00	
6/8/2004 1000	76.6	77.8	74.9	80.3	0.00	
6/8/2004 1100	78.9	80.5	77.4	75.32	0.00	
6/8/2004 1200	80.5	82	79.6	69.61	0.00	
6/8/2004 1300	81.6	82.6	80.8	65.45	0.00	
6/8/2004 1400	82.3	83.2	81.3	63.86	0.00	
6/8/2004 1500	83.1	83.8	82.5	56.45	0.00	
6/8/2004 1600	83.5	84.1	83.1	55.14	0.00	
6/8/2004 1700	83	84	82.1	62.33	0.00	
6/8/2004 1800	81.5	82.5	80.4	65.04	0.00	
6/8/2004 1900	79.4	80.7	77.6	72.3	0.00	
6/8/2004 2000	76.3	78.1	74.4	80.6	0.00	
6/8/2004 2100	73.3	74.7	72.2	87.9	0.00	
6/8/2004 2200	71.9	73	70.9	90.8	0.00	
6/8/2004 2300	69.7	71.5	68.7	95.8	0.00	

TABLE B-1 (CONT'D)

Weather Data from Phillips Airfield					
Date & Time	Average Temp	Maximum Temp (°F)	Minimum Temp (°F)	Relative Humidity (%)	Total Precip (in)
6/9/2004 0000	68.5	69.2	67.6	99.3	0.00
6/9/2004 0100	68.2	68.7	67.1	100	0.00
6/9/2004 0200	67.3	68.3	66.5	100	0.00
6/9/2004 0300	68.9	70.7	67.7	100	0.00
6/9/2004 0400	71	71.4	70.5	99.3	0.00
6/9/2004 0500	70.4	71.3	70	99.8	0.00
6/9/2004 0600	70.4	71.5	69.6	100	0.00
6/9/2004 0700	72.7	74.5	71.2	98.7	0.00
6/9/2004 0800	75.6	77.6	74.2	90.9	0.00
6/9/2004 0900	78.9	81.3	76.9	82.6	0.00
6/9/2004 1000	83.3	85.4	80.8	73.91	0.00
6/9/2004 1100	86.5	87.7	84.9	68.34	0.00
6/9/2004 1200	88.4	89.2	87.3	63.2	0.00
6/9/2004 1300	89	90.2	88	63.68	0.00
6/9/2004 1400	89.7	90.6	89.2	57.94	0.00
6/9/2004 1500	90	90.6	89.4	56.77	0.00
6/9/2004 1600	89.5	90.1	89	56.41	0.00
6/9/2004 1700	88.5	89.6	87.5	58.28	0.00
6/9/2004 1800	86.8	88.1	85.3	61.63	0.00
6/9/2004 1900	83.6	85.6	80.9	69.22	0.00
6/9/2004 2000	79.7	81.2	78.2	80.4	0.00
6/9/2004 2100	76.9	78.4	75.3	89.5	0.00
6/9/2004 2200	76.2	77.3	75.1	90.1	0.00
6/9/2004 2300	75.1	76.6	73.5	89.4	0.00

## APPENDIX C. SOIL MOISTURE

# Daily Soil Moisture Logs

Demonstrator: Naval Research Laboratory.

Date: 24 September 2003. Times: 0900 hours, 1330 hours

<b>Probe Location</b>	Layer, in.	AM Reading, %	PM Reading, %
Wet Area	0 to 6		
	6 to 12		
	12 to 24		
	24 to 36		
	36 to 48		
Wooded Area	0 to 6		
	6 to 12		
	12 to 24		
	24 to 36		
	36 to 48		
Open Area	0 to 6	29.0	28.9
	6 to 12	0.5	0.7
	12 to 24	25.0	24.7
	24 to 36	33.4	33.5
	36 to 48	52.6	52.9
Calibration Lanes	0 to 6	39.5	39.5
	6 to 12	37.7	37.9
	12 to 24	7.8	7.7
	24 to 36	4.5	4.6
	36 to 48	4.6	4.6
Blind Grid/Moguls	0 to 6	3.6	3.8
	6 to 12	18.0	17.9
	12 to 24	35.2	35.0
	24 to 36	35.2	35.4
	36 to 48	36.4	36.8

# Daily Soil Moisture Logs

Demonstrator: Naval Research Laboratory.

Date: 25 September 2003. Times: 0900 hours, 1330 hours

<b>Probe Location</b>	Layer, in.	AM Reading, %	PM Reading, %
Wet Area	0 to 6		
	6 to 12		
	12 to 24		
	24 to 36		
	36 to 48		
Wooded Area	0 to 6		
	6 to 12		
	12 to 24		
	24 to 36		
	36 to 48		
Open Area	0 to 6	29.2	28.7
	6 to 12	0.6	0.4
	12 to 24	24.8	25.2
	24 to 36	33.8	34.1
	36 to 48	52.7	52.5
Calibration Lanes	0 to 6		
	6 to 12		
	12 to 24		
	24 to 36		
	36 to 48		
Blind Grid/Moguls	0 to 6		
	6 to 12		
	12 to 24		
	24 to 36		
	36 to 48		

# Daily Soil Moisture Logs

Demonstrator: Naval Research Laboratory.

Date: 2 October 2003.

Times: 0930 hours, (Demonstration complete PM).

<b>Probe Location</b>	Layer, in.	AM Reading, %	PM Reading, %
Wet Area	0 to 6		
	6 to 12		
	12 to 24		
	24 to 36		
	36 to 48		
Wooded Area	0 to 6		
	6 to 12		
	12 to 24		
	24 to 36		
	36 to 48		
Open Area	0 to 6		
	6 to 12		
	12 to 24		
	24 to 36		
	36 to 48		
Calibration Lanes	0 to 6	37.2	
	6 to 12	37.7	
	12 to 24	8.2	
	24 to 36	5.1	
	36 to 48	5.0	
Blind Grid/Moguls	0 to 6	2.8	
	6 to 12	17.1	
	12 to 24	38.4	
	24 to 36	39.1	
	36 to 48	40.2	

# Daily Soil Moisture Logs

Demonstrator: Naval Research Laboratory. Date: 7 June 2004

<b>Probe Location:</b>	Layer, in.	AM Reading, %	PM Reading, %
Wet Area	0 to 6	63.2	63.8
	6 to 12	74.8	74.6
	12 to 24	78.8	78.5
	24 to 36	55.2	54.9
	36 to 48	50.8	50.9
Wooded Area	0 to 6		
	6 to 12		
	12 to 24		
	24 to 36		
	36 to 48		
Open Area	0 to 6	21.6	21.4
	6 to 12	5.6	5.8
	12 to 24	18.6	18.7
	24 to 36	25.6	25.9
	36 to 48	50.9	51.4
Calibration Lanes	0 to 6		
	6 to 12		
	12 to 24		
	24 to 36		
	36 to 48		
Blind Grid/Moguls	0 to 6	2.9	2.9
	6 to 12	24.7	24.6
	12 to 24	38.3	38.7
	24 to 36	34.9	34.6
	36 to 48	38.7	39.3

**Daily Soil Moisture Logs**Demonstrator: Naval Research Laboratory.

Date: 8 June 2004

<b>Probe Location:</b>	Layer, in.	AM Reading, %	PM Reading, %
Wet Area	0 to 6	62.8	62.6
	6 to 12	74.4	74.1
	12 to 24	77.3	77.5
	24 to 36	55.4	55.2
	36 to 48	48.7	49.1
Wooded Area	0 to 6		
	6 to 12		
	12 to 24		
	24 to 36		
	36 to 48		
Open Area	0 to 6	21.6	21.2
	6 to 12	6.3	6.2
	12 to 24	17.8	18.2
	24 to 36	25.3	25.9
	36 to 48	53.1	53.0
Calibration Lanes	0 to 6		
	6 to 12		
	12 to 24		
	24 to 36		
	36 to 48		
Blind Grid/Moguls	0 to 6	3.1	3.0
	6 to 12	24.1	24.3
	12 to 24	36.8	37.0
	24 to 36	35.8	35.4
	36 to 48	38.9	39.0

**Daily Soil Moisture Logs**Demonstrator: Naval Research Laboratory.

Date: 9 June 2004

<b>Probe Location:</b>	Layer, in.	AM Reading, %	PM Reading, %
Wet Area	0 to 6	63.6	63.1
	6 to 12	75.9	76.4
	12 to 24	77.9	77.5
	24 to 36	56.1	56.4
	36 to 48	51.6	52.0
Wooded Area	0 to 6		
	6 to 12		
	12 to 24		
	24 to 36		
	36 to 48		
Open Area	0 to 6	22.1	22.0
	6 to 12	5.9	5.6
	12 to 24	18.7	18.3
	24 to 36	27.0	27.2
	36 to 48	52.3	52.2
Calibration Lanes	0 to 6		
	6 to 12		
	12 to 24		
	24 to 36		
	36 to 48		
Blind Grid/Moguls	0 to 6		
	6 to 12		
	12 to 24		
	24 to 36		
	36 to 48		

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	No.		Status	Status					Track		
	of		Start	Status	Duration,		Operational Status -	Track	Method=Other		
Date	People	Area Tested	Time	Time		Operational Status	Comments	Method	Explain	Pattern	Field Conditions
Date	Copic	CALIBRATION	Time	Time	111111	INTIAL	Comments	Method	Explain	1 attC111	Ticia Conditions
9/24/2003	4	LANE	0830	1150	200	INSPECTION	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY MUDDY
9/24/2003	4	BLIND GRID	1150	1151	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA		SUNNY MUDDY
9/24/2003	4	OPEN FIELD	1151	1152	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA		SUNNY MUDDY
	_	CALIBRATION									
9/24/2003	4	LANE	1152	1153	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY MUDDY
9/24/2003	4	BLIND GRID	1153	1154	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY MUDDY
9/24/2003	4	OPEN FIELD	1154	1155	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY MUDDY
		CALIBRATION									
9/24/2003	4	LANE	1155	1156	1	<b>COLLECT DATA</b>	<b>COLLECT DATA</b>	<b>GPS</b>	<mark>NA</mark>	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY MUDDY
9/24/2003	4	<b>BLIND GRID</b>	<mark>1156</mark>	1157	1	<b>COLLECT DATA</b>	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY MUDDY
<mark>9/24/2003</mark>	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1157	<mark>1158</mark>	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY MUDDY
	_	<b>CALIBRATION</b>			_						
<mark>9/24/2003</mark>	<mark>4</mark>	LANE	<mark>1158</mark>	1159	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	<mark>NA</mark>		SUNNY MUDDY
<mark>9/24/2003</mark>	4	BLIND GRID	<mark>1159</mark>	1200	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA		SUNNY MUDDY
<mark>9/24/2003</mark>	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	<mark>1200</mark>	1201	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY MUDDY
	_	<b>CALIBRATION</b>			_						
9/24/2003	4	LANE	1201	1202	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA		SUNNY MUDDY
9/24/2003	4	BLIND GRID	1202	1203	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA		SUNNY MUDDY
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	<mark>1203</mark>	1204	<u>l</u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY MUDDY
0.12.1.12.0.02		CALIBRATION	1004	1005	_	COLLEGEDAM	COLLEGED LES	CDC	774	T TO TE A D	GIDDIN AUDDIN
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	LANE	1204	1205	<u>l</u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY MUDDY
		CALIBRATION				DOWNTIME					
9/24/2003	4	LANE	1205	1217	12	MAINTENANCE CHECK	DATA CHECK	GPS	NA	LINEAD	SUNNY MUDDY
9/24/2003	4	CALIBRATION	1203	1217	12	CHECK	DATA CHECK	UF3	INA	LINEAR	SUNN I WIUDD I
9/24/2003	4	LANE	1217	1218	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY MUDDY
9/24/2003	4	BLIND GRID	1217	1219	1 1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA		SUNNY MUDDY
9/24/2003	4	OPEN FIELD	1219	1220	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA		SUNNY MUDDY
27 <del>2 1</del> 7 2003	•	CALIBRATION	1217	1220	-	COLLECT BITTI	COLLECT DITTI	<u>010</u>	11/1	LIIVEIN	DOTATE MICEDIA
9/24/2003	4	LANE	1220	1221	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY MUDDY
9/24/2003	4	BLIND GRID	1221	1222	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA		SUNNY MUDDY
9/24/2003	4	OPEN FIELD	1222	1223	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA		SUNNY MUDDY
		CALIBRATION			_						
9/24/2003	4	LANE	1223	1224	1	COLLECT DATA	<b>COLLECT DATA</b>	<b>GPS</b>	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY MUDDY

	T I		ı							1		
	No.		Status	Status					Track			
	of		Start		Duration,		Operational Status -	Track	Method=Other			
Date	People	Area Tested	Time	Time	/	<b>Operational Status</b>	Comments	Method	Explain	Pattern	Field Co	nditions
9/24/2003	4	BLIND GRID	1224	1225	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA		SUNNY	
						EQUIPMENT						
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	<b>BLIND GRID</b>	1225	1237	<mark>12</mark>	FAILURE	<b>VEHICLE STUCK</b>	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<mark>LINEAR</mark>	<b>SUNNY</b>	<b>MUDDY</b>
		<b>CALIBRATION</b>			_							
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	LANE	1237	<mark>1238</mark>	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	<mark>NA</mark>		<b>SUNNY</b>	
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	BLIND GRID	1238	1239	<u>1</u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA NA		<b>SUNNY</b>	
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1239	<mark>1240</mark>	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	<u>LINEAR</u>	SUNNY	<u>MUDDY</u>
		CALIBRATION			_							
9/24/2003	4	LANE	1240	1241	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA		SUNNY	
9/24/2003	4	BLIND GRID	1241	1242	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA		SUNNY	
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1242	1243	<u> </u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY	MUDDY
9/24/2003	4	CALIBRATION LANE	1243	1244	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINIDAD	SUNNY	MUDDY
9/24/2003	4	BLIND GRID	1243	1244	<mark>1</mark>   1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA		SUNNY	
9/24/2003	4	OPEN FIELD	1244	1245	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA		SUNNY	
<del>3/24/2003</del>	<del>- 1</del>	CALIBRATION	1243	1240	<u>1</u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	OLD	IVA	LINDAN	SUMMI	MICDDI
9/24/2003	4	LANE	1246	1247	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY	MUDDY
9/24/2003	4	BLIND GRID	1247	1248	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA		SUNNY	
9/24/2003	4	OPEN FIELD	1248	1249	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA		SUNNY	
		CALIBRATION		,								
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	LANE	1249	1250	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	LINEAR	<b>SUNNY</b>	MUDDY
9/24/2003	4	BLIND GRID	1250	1251	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	LINEAR	<b>SUNNY</b>	MUDDY
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1251	1252	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	<b>SUNNY</b>	MUDDY
	_	CALIBRATION										
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	LANE	1252	1253	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<u>GPS</u>	NA		<b>SUNNY</b>	
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	BLIND GRID	1253	1254	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA NA		<b>SUNNY</b>	
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1254	1255	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA NA	LINEAR	<b>SUNNY</b>	MUDDY
	_	CALIBRATION			_							
9/24/2003	4	LANE	1255	1256	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA		SUNNY	
9/24/2003	4	BLIND GRID	1256	1257	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA		SUNNY	
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	<u>1257</u>	1258	<u>l</u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	<b>SUNNY</b>	MUDDY
0/24/2002	4	CALIBRATION	1050	1050	1	COLLECTION	COLLECTION	CDC	NTA	LINEAD	CLIMINISA	MIIDDA
9/24/2003	4 4	LANE	1258	1259 1300	<u>                                   </u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA		SUNNY	
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	BLIND GRID	1259	1300	<u>l</u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA NA	LINEAR	<b>SUNNY</b>	MUDDY

Date         People         Area Tested         Time         min         Status         Comments         Method         Explain         Pattern           9/24/2003         4         OPEN FIELD         1300         1301         1         DATA         COLLECT DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR           9/24/2003         4         LANE         1301         1302         1         DATA         COLLECT DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR           9/24/2003         4         OPEN FIELD         1303         1304         1         COLLECT DATA         COLLECT DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR           9/24/2003         4         LANE         1304         1305         1         COLLECT DATA         COLLECT DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR           9/24/2003         4         BLIND GRID         1305         1         COLLECT DATA         COLLECT DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR	Field Conditions SUNNY/MUDDY SUNNY/MUDDY
of People Area Tested Time Time min Status Comments Method Explain Pattern    Date People Area Tested Time Time   Time	SUNNY/MUDDY SUNNY/MUDDY
Date         People         Area Tested         Time         min         Status         Comments         Method         Explain         Pattern           9/24/2003         4         OPEN FIELD         1300         1301         1         DATA         COLLECT DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR           9/24/2003         4         LANE         1301         1302         1         DATA         COLLECT DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR           9/24/2003         4         OPEN FIELD         1303         1304         1         COLLECT DATA         COLLECT DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR           9/24/2003         4         LANE         1304         1305         1         COLLECT DATA         COLLECT DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR           9/24/2003         4         BLIND GRID         1305         1         COLLECT DATA         COLLECT DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR	SUNNY/MUDDY SUNNY/MUDDY
9/24/2003	SUNNY/MUDDY
9/24/2003 4 OPEN FIELD 1300 1301 I DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR  9/24/2003 4 LANE 1301 1302 I DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR  9/24/2003 4 OPEN FIELD 1303 1304 I COLLECT DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR  CALIBRATION CALIBRATION 9/24/2003 4 LANE 1304 1305 I COLLECT DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR  9/24/2003 4 BLIND GRID 1305 1306 I COLLECT DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR	SUNNY/MUDDY
CALIBRATION   COLLECT   S	
9/24/2003 4 LANE 1301 1302 1 DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR 9/24/2003 4 OPEN FIELD 1303 1304 1 COLLECT DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR  CALIBRATION 9/24/2003 4 LANE 1304 1305 1 COLLECT DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR  9/24/2003 4 BLIND GRID 1305 1306 1 COLLECT DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR	
9/24/2003         4         OPEN FIELD         1303         1304         1         COLLECT DATA         COLLECT DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR           9/24/2003         4         LANE         1304         1305         1         COLLECT DATA         COLLECT DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR           9/24/2003         4         BLIND GRID         1305         1306         1         COLLECT DATA         COLLECT DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR	
CALIBRATION   9/24/2003   4   LANE   1304   1305   1   COLLECT DATA   COLLECT DATA   GPS   NA   LINEAR   9/24/2003   4   BLIND GRID   1305   1306   1   COLLECT DATA   COLLECT DATA   GPS   NA   LINEAR	CLINININI
9/24/2003         4         LANE         1304         1305         1         COLLECT DATA         COLLECT DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR           9/24/2003         4         BLIND GRID         1305         1306         1         COLLECT DATA         COLLECT DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003 4 BLIND GRID 1305 1306 1 COLLECT DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR	CLINININ
	SUNNY
OPEN PURE DI 1006 1005 I GOLL POTE DATA GOLL POTE DATA	SUNNY
9/24/2003 4 OPEN FIELD 1306 1307 1 COLLECT DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR	SUNNY
CALIBRATION COLUMNIA GOLUMNIA	
9/24/2003 4 LANE 1307 1308 1 COLLECT DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003         4         BLIND GRID         1308         1309         1         COLLECT DATA         COLLECT DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003 4 OPEN FIELD 1309 1310 1 COLLECT DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR	SUNNY
CALIBRATION	
9/24/2003 4 LANE 1310 1311 1 COLLECT DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR	<u>SUNNY</u>
9/24/2003         4         BLIND GRID         1311         1312         1         COLLECT DATA         COLLECT DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003 4 OPEN FIELD 1312 1313 1 COLLECT DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR	SUNNY
CALIBRATION	
9/24/2003         4         LANE         1313         1314         1         COLLECT DATA         COLLECT DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR	<u>SUNNY</u>
9/24/2003         4         BLIND GRID         1314         1315         1         COLLECT DATA         COLLECT DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR	SUNNY
CALIBRATION CALIBRATE USING	
9/24/2003         LANE         1315         1330         15         CALIBRATE         IRON ROD         GPS         NA         LINEAR	SUNNY
CALIBRATION	
9/24/2003         LANE         1330         1350         20         BREAK/LUNCH         BREAK/LUNCH         GPS         NA         LINEAR	<b>SUNNY</b>
CALIBRATION	
<u>9/24/2003</u> 4 LANE <u>1350</u> 1351 <u>1 COLLECT DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR</u>	<b>SUNNY</b>
9/24/2003 4 BLIND GRID 1351 1352 1 COLLECT DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR	<b>SUNNY</b>
9/24/2003 4 OPEN FIELD 1352 1353 1 COLLECT DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR	<b>SUNNY</b>
CALIBRATION	
<u>9/24/2003</u> 4 LANE <u>1353</u> 1354 <u>1 COLLECT DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR</u>	SUNNY
9/24/2003 4 BLIND GRID 1354 1355 1 COLLECT DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR	<b>SUNNY</b>
9/24/2003 4 OPEN FIELD 1355 1356 1 COLLECT DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR	SUNNY
CALIBRATION	
9/24/2003 4 LANE 1356 1357 1 COLLECT DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003 4 BLIND GRID 1357 1358 1 COLLECT DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR	SUNNY

Date 9/24/2003	No. of People	Area Tested	Status Start Time	Status Stop Time	Duration,	Operational Status COLLECT DATA	Operational Status - Comments COLLECT DATA	Track Method GPS	Track Method=Other Explain	Pattern LINEAR	Field Conditions SUNNY
9/24/2003	4		1338	1339	<u>l</u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	INA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	CALIBRATION LANE	1359	1400	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	<mark>NA</mark>	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	BLIND GRID	1400	1401	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	OPEN FIELD	1401	1402	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
7/2 1/2003		CALIBRATION	1101	1102	<u>-</u>	COLLEGI BIIII	COLLEGE DITTI	GI B	1171	<u> </u>	<del>JOTAT 1</del>
9/24/2003	4	LANE	1402	1403	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	BLIND GRID	1403	1404	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	OPEN FIELD	1404	1405	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
		<b>CALIBRATION</b>									
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	LANE	1405	1406	1	<b>COLLECT DATA</b>	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	<b>BLIND GRID</b>	<mark>1406</mark>	140 <mark>7</mark>	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA NA	LINEAR	<b>SUNNY</b>
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	<mark>1407</mark>	<mark>1408</mark>	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA NA	LINEAR	<b>SUNNY</b>
	_	<b>CALIBRATION</b>			_						
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	LANE	<mark>1408</mark>	<mark>1409</mark>	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA NA	<u>LINEAR</u>	SUNNY
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	BLIND GRID	<mark>1409</mark>	<mark>1410</mark>	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	<mark>1410</mark>	<mark>1411</mark>	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
	_	<b>CALIBRATION</b>			_						
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	LANE	<mark>1411</mark>	1412	<u>1</u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	<mark>NA</mark>	<u>LINEAR</u>	SUNNY
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	BLIND GRID	<mark>1412</mark>	<mark>1413</mark>	<u>1</u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	<u>LINEAR</u>	SUNNY
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	<b>1413</b>	<mark>1414</mark>	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	<mark>NA</mark>	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
		CALIBRATION			_						
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	LANE	<mark>1414</mark>	<mark>1415</mark>	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
		CALLED ATTOM				DOWNTIME					
0/24/2002	4	CALIBRATION	1.415	1.420	5	MAINTENANCE		CDC	NT A	LINIEAD	CLINININ
9/24/2003	4	LANE CALIBRATION	1415	<u>1420</u>	3	<u>CHECK</u>	EQUIPMENT CHECK	GPS	NA	<u>LINEAR</u>	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	LANE	1420	1421	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	BLIND GRID	1420	1421		COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA  COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	OPEN FIELD	1421	1423	1 1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA  COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
<del>3/24/2003</del>	-	CALIBRATION	1422	1423	<u> </u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	Ora	INA	LINEAR	SUNINI
9/24/2003	4	LANE	1423	1424	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	<mark>NA</mark>	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	BLIND GRID	1424	1425	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	OPEN FIELD	1425	1426	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
J, Z ., 2003	-	CALIBRATION		0		COLLEGE DITTI	- CLUBET BITTI	<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	LANE	1426	1427	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	<mark>NA</mark>	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY

Date	No. of People	Area Tested	Status Start Time		Duration, min	Operational Status	Operational Status - Comments	Track Method	Track Method=Other Explain	Pattern	Field Conditions
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	<b>BLIND GRID</b>	1427	1428	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	OPEN FIELD	1428	1429	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
		<b>CALIBRATION</b>									
9/24/2003	4	<b>LANE</b>	1429	1430	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
9/24/2003	4	<b>BLIND GRID</b>	1430	1431	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
9/24/2003	4	OPEN FIELD	1431	1432	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
		CALIBRATION									
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	<b>LANE</b>	1432	1433	1	COLLECT DATA	<b>COLLECT DATA</b>	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
9/24/2003	4	<b>BLIND GRID</b>	1433	1434	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	OPEN FIELD	1434	1435	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
		CALIBRATION									
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	LANE	1435	1436	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
9/24/2003	4	<b>BLIND GRID</b>	1436	1437	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	OPEN FIELD	1437	1438	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
		CALIBRATION									
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	LANE	1438	1439	1	<b>COLLECT DATA</b>	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
9/24/2003	4	BLIND GRID	1439	1440	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	OPEN FIELD	1440	1441	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
		<b>CALIBRATION</b>									
9/24/2003	4	LANE	1441	1442	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	BLIND GRID	1442	1443	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	OPEN FIELD	1443	1444	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
	_	CALIBRATION									12.2.1.1
9/24/2003	4	LANE	1444	1445	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
9/24/2003	4	BLIND GRID	1445	1446	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	OPEN FIELD	1446	1447	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
		CALIBRATION									
9/24/2003	4	LANE	1447	1448	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	BLIND GRID	1448	1449	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	OPEN FIELD	1449	1450	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
		CALIBRATION									
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	LANE	1450	1451	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	BLIND GRID	1451	1452	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	OPEN FIELD	1452	1453	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
		CALIBRATION									
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	LANE	1453	1454	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	<mark>NA</mark>	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY

	No.		Status	Status					Track		
	of		Start	Stop	Duration,	Operational	Operational Status -	Track	Method=Other		Field
Date	People	Area Tested	Time		min	Status	Comments	Method	Explain	Pattern	Conditions
9/24/2003	4	<b>BLIND GRID</b>	<mark>1454</mark>	1455	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1455	1456	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	<mark>NA</mark>	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
		<b>CALIBRATION</b>									
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	LANE	<mark>1456</mark>	<mark>1457</mark>	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	<mark>NA</mark>	LINEAR	<u>SUNNY</u>
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	BLIND GRID	<u>1457</u>	<mark>1458</mark>	<u>1</u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	<u>LINEAR</u>	SUNNY
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	<u>1458</u>	1459	<u>1</u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	LINEAR	<u>SUNNY</u>
<u>                                     </u>	_	<b>CALIBRATION</b>									
9/24/2003	<u>4</u>	LANE	1459	1500	<u>1</u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	<mark>NA</mark>	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	BLIND GRID	1500	1501	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1501	1502	<u> </u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<u>LINEAR</u>	SUNNY
0/24/2002	_	CALIBRATION	1.500	1.500		COLLEGED	COLLECTED ATTA	GDG.	27.4	T TO TO A D	CI D D III
9/24/2003	4	LANE	1502	1503	<u> </u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	BLIND GRID	1503	1504	<u> </u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1504	1505	<u>l</u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	CALIBRATION LANE	1505	1506	4	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	<del>4</del> 	BLIND GRID	1505	1506	<u> </u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA  COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	<del>4</del> 	OPEN FIELD	1506	1507		COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA  COLLECT DATA	GPS GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	<del>'4</del>	CALIBRATION	1307	1308	L L	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	INA	LINEAR	SUMN I
9/24/2003	4	LANE	1508	1509	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	BLIND GRID	1509	1510	1 1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	OPEN FIELD	1510	1511	1 1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
<i>7/24/2003</i>	<u>-</u>	CALIBRATION	1310	1311	<u> </u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	OI 5	IVA	LINLAN	SUNIVI
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	LANE	1511	1512		COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
2/2 I/2003	<u> </u>	<u> Di II (D</u>	1011	1012	<u>*</u>	DOWNTIME	COLLEGE DITITI	OI D	1121	DII (L) III	3011111
		CALIBRATION				MAINTENANCE					
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	LANE	1512	1545	<mark>33</mark>	CHECK	DATA CHECK	<b>GPS</b>	NA	LINEAR	<b>SUNNY</b>
		CALIBRATION									
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	LANE	1545	1546	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
9/24/2003	4	BLIND GRID	1546	<mark>1547</mark>	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	<b>SUNNY</b>
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1547	<b>1548</b>	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA NA	LINEAR	<b>SUNNY</b>
		<b>CALIBRATION</b>									
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	LANE	<b>1548</b>	1549	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	<b>SUNNY</b>
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	BLIND GRID	1549	<b>1550</b>	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1550	1551	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>

	No.		Status	Status					Track		
	of		Start		Duration,	Operational	Operational Status -	Track	Method=Other		Field
Date	People	Area Tested	Time	Time	min	Status	Comments	Method	Explain Explain	Pattern	Conditions
	F	CALIBRATION				2 111112					
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	LANE	1551	1552	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
9/24/2003	4	BLIND GRID	1552	1553	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	4	<b>OPEN FIELD</b>	1553	1554	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
		CALIBRATION									
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	<b>LANE</b>	1554	1555	1	COLLECT DATA	<b>COLLECT DATA</b>	<b>GPS</b>	<mark>NA</mark>	LINEAR	<b>SUNNY</b>
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	<b>BLIND GRID</b>	1555	<b>1556</b>	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	<mark>NA</mark>	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	<b>1556</b>	155 <mark>7</mark>	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
		<b>CALIBRATION</b>									
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	<b>LANE</b>	1557	<b>1558</b>	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	<mark>NA</mark>	LINEAR	<b>SUNNY</b>
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	<b>BLIND GRID</b>	<b>1558</b>	<mark>1559</mark>	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1559	<mark>1600</mark>	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
		<b>CALIBRATION</b>			_						
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	LANE	1600	1601	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS GPS	<mark>NA</mark>	LINEAR	<u>SUNNY</u>
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	BLIND GRID	1601	1602	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	<u>SUNNY</u>
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1602	1603	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
		<b>CALIBRATION</b>			_						
9/24/2003	<u>4</u>	LANE	1603	1604	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	<mark>NA</mark>	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	<u>4</u>	BLIND GRID	1604	1605	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
<mark>9/24/2003</mark>	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1605	<mark>1606</mark>	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<u>SUNNY</u>
0.40.4.40.000	_	CALIBRATION		4 40=	_	GOLL DOWN NAME	GOLL DOM D. M.	ana a	·		a
9/24/2003	4	LANE	1606	1607	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
9/24/2003	<mark>4</mark>	BLIND GRID	1607	1608	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
							EQUIPMENT				
						DAHAGTADT	BREAKDOWN END				
9/24/2003	4	OPEN FIELD	1608	1650	42	DAILY START STOP	OF DAILY OPERATIONS	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
<del>9/24/2003</del>	<u>4</u>	OPEN FIELD	1008	1030	<u>42</u>	STOP	EOUIPMENT SET UP.	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUMNI
						DAILY START	BEGIN DAILY				
9/25/2003	4	OPEN FIELD	0800	0830	30	STOP	OPERATIONS	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
71 231 2003	<u>-</u>	OTENTILLD	0000	0000	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	OI EKATIONS	CALIBRATE	IVA	LINEAR	BUININI
							CALIBRATE USING	USING			
<mark>9/25/2003</mark>	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	0830	0850	<mark>20</mark>	<b>CALIBRATE</b>	IRON ROD	IRON ROD	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>

	l	<u> </u>									<u> </u>
	No.		Status	Status					Track		
	of		Start		Duration,	Operational	Operational Status -	Track	Method=Other		Field
Date	People	Area Tested	Time		min	Status	Comments	Method	Explain	Pattern	Conditions
9/25/2003	4	<b>OPEN FIELD</b>	0850	0950	<mark>60</mark>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
	_					DOWNTIME					
						<b>MAINTENANCE</b>					
9/25/2003	<mark>4</mark>	<b>OPEN FIELD</b>	<mark>0950</mark>	1020	<mark>30</mark>	CHECK	DATA CHECK	<b>GPS</b>	<mark>NA</mark>	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
9/25/2003	<mark>4</mark>	<b>OPEN FIELD</b>	1020	1110	<mark>50</mark>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	<mark>NA</mark>	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
						<b>EQUIPMENT</b>					
<mark>9/25/2003</mark>	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	<b>1110</b>	1130	<mark>20</mark>	<b>FAILURE</b>	VEHICLE STUCK	GPS	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
								<b>CALIBRATE</b>			
	_						CALIBRATE USING	<u>USING</u>			
9/25/2003	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1130	1145	<mark>15</mark>	<u>CALIBRATE</u>	IRON ROD	IRON ROD	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
						DOWNTIME					
	_		1			<b>MAINTENANCE</b>	TIGHTEN BOLTS ON				
9/25/2003	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1145	1205	<mark>20</mark>	CHECK	VEHICLE	GPS	<mark>NA</mark>	LINEAR	SUNNY
<mark>9/25/2003</mark>	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1205	<mark>1230</mark>		COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	<mark>NA</mark>	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
9/25/2003	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1230	1300	<mark>30</mark>	BREAK/LUNCH	BREAK/LUNCH	<b>GPS</b>	<mark>NA</mark>	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
	_					<b>EQUIPMENT</b>					
9/25/2003	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1300	1330	<mark>30</mark>	<u>FAILURE</u>	VEHICLE STUCK	GPS	<mark>NA</mark>	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
9/25/2003	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1330	<mark>1410</mark>	<mark>40</mark>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
							<b>EQUIPMENT</b>				
							BREAKDOWN END				
	_		1			DAILY START	OF DAILY				
<mark>9/25/2003</mark>	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	<mark>1410</mark>	1510	<mark>60</mark>	STOP	OPERATIONS	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
		G . T TD D . MYG.	_				EQUIPMENT SET UP,				
10/0/0000	3	CALIBRATION		00.40	70	DAILY START	BEGIN DAILY	CDC	NTA	LINEAD	CLININIX
10/2/2003	<u> </u>	LANE	0830	<mark>0940</mark>	<mark>70</mark>	STOP	OPERATIONS  CALUDDATE USING	GPS	NA NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
10/0/000	3	CALIBRATION		0045	<u>5</u>	CALIDDATE	CALIBRATE USING	CDC	NA	LINIEAD	CLININIX
10/2/2003	<u> </u>	LANE CALIBRATION	0940	0945	3	CALIBRATE	IRON ROD	GPS	<u>INA</u>	LINEAR	SUNNY
10/2/2003	3	CALIBRATION LANE	0945	0946	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	CLININIX
10/2/2003	3	BLIND GRID		0946	1 1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY SUNNY
10/2/2003	<u> </u>	CALIBRATION		0947	I	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	Urs	INA	LINEAR	SUMNI
10/2/2003	3	LANE	0947	0948	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
10/2/2003	3	BLIND GRID	0947	07.0	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
10/2/2003	<u> </u>	CALIBRATION		0949	I I	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	Urs	INA	LINEAR	SUMNI
10/2/2003	3	LANE	0949	0950	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
10/2/2003	3	BLIND GRID				COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
10/2/2003	) J	BLIND GRID	<del>0930</del>	0731	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	ors	INA.	LINEAR	SUNNI

	No.		Status	Status					Track		
	of		Start	Stop	Duration,	Operational	Operational Status -	Track	Method=Other		Field
Date	People	Area Tested	Time	Time	min	Status	Comments	Method	Explain	Pattern	Conditions
	_	CALIBRATION									
10/2/2003	<mark>3</mark>	LANE	<mark>0951</mark>	0952	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	<u>LINEAR</u>	SUNNY
10/2/2003	<mark>3</mark>	BLIND GRID	<mark>0952</mark>	<mark>0953</mark>	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	<mark>NA</mark>	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
	_	CALIBRATION			_						
10/2/2003	<u>3</u>	LANE	0953	0954	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
10/2/2003	<mark>3</mark>	BLIND GRID	0954	0955	<u>l</u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
10/2/2002	3	CALIBRATION	0955	0956	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINIDAD	SUNNY
10/2/2003 10/2/2003	3 3	LANE BLIND GRID	0955	0950	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	LINEAR LINEAR	SUNNY
10/2/2003	<u> </u>	CALIBRATION	0930	0937	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	INA	LINEAR	SUNNI
10/2/2003	3	LANE	0957	0958	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
10/2/2003	3	BLIND GRID	0958		1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
10/2/2003	<mark>&gt;</mark>	CALIBRATION	0730	0737		COLLECT DITTI	COLLECT DITTI	OLD	1121	LII (L) IIC	BUTTI
10/2/2003	3	LANE	0959	1000	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
10/2/2003	3	BLIND GRID	1000	1001	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
		CALIBRATION									
10/2/2003	<mark>3</mark>	LANE	1001	1002	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
10/2/2003	3	BLIND GRID	1002	1003	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
		CALIBRATION									
10/2/2003	<mark>3</mark>	<b>LANE</b>	1003	1004	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA NA	LINEAR	<b>SUNNY</b>
10/2/2003	<mark>3</mark>	<b>BLIND GRID</b>	1004	1005	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA NA	LINEAR	<b>SUNNY</b>
	_	<b>CALIBRATION</b>			_						
10/2/2003	<mark>3</mark>	LANE	1005	1006	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	<mark>NA</mark>	LINEAR	<u>SUNNY</u>
10/2/2003	<mark>3</mark>	BLIND GRID	1006	1007	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<u>SUNNY</u>
10/0/0000	_	CALIBRATION	1005	1000		COLLEGE DATE	COLLEGED ATT	CD C		T TO TO A TO	CI D D II -
10/2/2003	3	LANE	1007	1008	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
10/2/2003	<mark>3</mark>	BLIND GRID CALIBRATION	1008	1009	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
10/2/2003	3	LANE	1009	1010	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
10/2/2003	3 3	BLIND GRID	1010	1010	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
10/2/2003	<u> </u>	CALIBRATION	1010	1011	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	OFS	INA	LINEAR	BUNINI
10/2/2003	3	LANE	1011	1012	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
10/2/2003	3	BLIND GRID	1011		1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
	<mark>_</mark>	CALIBRATION	1012	1010	<u>*</u>			<u> </u>			2011111
10/2/2003	<mark>3</mark>	LANE	1013	1014	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
10/2/2003	3	BLIND GRID	1014	1015	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY

	No.		Status	Status	;				Track		
	of				Duration,		Operational Status -	Track	Method=Other		Field
Date	People	Area Tested		Time		Operational Status	Comments	Method	Explain	Pattern	Conditions
		CALIBRATION									
10/2/2003	3	LANE	1015	<mark>1016</mark>	1	COLLECT DATA	<b>COLLECT DATA</b>	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
10/2/2003	<mark>3</mark>	<b>BLIND GRID</b>	1016	1017	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
		CALIBRATION									
10/2/2003	3	<b>LANE</b>	101 <mark>7</mark>	1018	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
10/2/2003	3	<b>BLIND GRID</b>	1018	1019	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
		CALIBRATION									
10/2/2003	<mark>3</mark>	LANE	1019	1020	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	<mark>NA</mark>	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
10/2/2003	<mark>3</mark>	<b>BLIND GRID</b>	1020	1021	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
		<b>CALIBRATION</b>			_						
10/2/2003	3	LANE	1021	1022	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	<mark>NA</mark>	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
10/2/2003	<mark>3</mark>	BLIND GRID	1022	1023	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
		<b>CALIBRATION</b>			_						
10/2/2003	<mark>3</mark>	LANE	1023	1024	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
10/2/2003	3	BLIND GRID	1024	1025	<mark>1</mark>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
		CALIBRATION									
10/2/2003	<mark>3</mark>	LANE	1025	1026	1	COLLECT DATA	<b>COLLECT DATA</b>	<b>GPS</b>	<mark>NA</mark>	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
10/2/2003	<mark>3</mark>	<b>BLIND GRID</b>	1026	1027	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
	_	<b>CALIBRATION</b>			_						
10/2/2003	3	LANE	1027	1028	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	<mark>NA</mark>	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
10/2/2003	<mark>3</mark>	BLIND GRID	1028	1029	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
	_	<b>CALIBRATION</b>			_						
10/2/2003	3	LANE	1029	1030	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
10/2/2003	3	BLIND GRID	1030	1031	<u>1</u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
		CALIBRATION ( )									
10/2/2003	3	LANE	1031	1032	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	<mark>NA</mark>	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
10/2/2003	3	BLIND GRID	1032	1033	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	<mark>NA</mark>	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
	_	CALIBRATION ( )									
10/2/2003	3	LANE	1033	<u>1034</u>	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	<mark>NA</mark>	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
10/2/2003	<mark>3</mark>	BLIND GRID	1034	1035	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
							<mark>NOT GETTING A</mark>				
		<mark>CALIBRATION</mark>				<mark>EQUIPMENT</mark>	SATELLITE				
10/2/2003	3	LANE	1035	1105	<mark>30</mark>	FAILURE	CONNECTION	GPS	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
		CALIBRATION									
10/2/2003	3	LANE	1105	1106	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
10/2/2003	<mark>3</mark>	BLIND GRID	1106	110 <mark>7</mark>	<mark>1</mark>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>

	No.		Status	Status					Track		
	of		Start		Duration,		Operational Status -	Track	Method=Other		Field
Date	People	Area Tested	Time	Time	min	Operational Status	Comments	Method	Explain	Pattern	Conditions
10/2/2002	-	CALIBRATION	1105	1100		COLLEGEDAMA	GOLLEGE DATE	CDC		T THE L D	GI D D III
10/2/2003	3	LANE	1107	1108 1109	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
10/2/2003	3	BLIND GRID CALIBRATION	1108	1109	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
10/2/2003	3	LANE	1109	1110	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
10/2/2003	3	BLIND GRID	1110		1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
		CALIBRATION									
10/2/2003	<mark>3</mark>	LANE	1111	1112	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	<mark>NA</mark>	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
10/2/2003	<mark>3</mark>	BLIND GRID	1112	1113	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
	_	<b>CALIBRATION</b>			_						
10/2/2003	3	LANE	1113		1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
10/2/2003	<mark>3</mark>	BLIND GRID	1114	1115	<u> </u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
10/2/2003	3	CALIBRATION LANE	1115	1116	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
10/2/2003	3	BLIND GRID	1116		1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
10/2/2003	<u> </u>	CALIBRATION	1110	111/	<u> </u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DITIII	OLD	11/1	LINEIN	BUILLI
10/2/2003	3	LANE	1117	1118	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
10/2/2003	3	BLIND GRID	1118		1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
		CALIBRATION									
10/2/2003	3	LANE	1119	1120	1	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
	_	CALIBRATION			_		CALIBRATE USING				
10/2/2003	3	LANE	1120	1125	<u>5</u>	CALIBRATE	IRON ROD	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
		CALIBRATION				DAILY START	EQUIPMENT BREAKDOWN/END OF				
10/2/2003	3	LANE	1125	1250	85	STOP	DAILY OPERATIONS	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
10/2/2003	<u> </u>	CALIBRATION	1123	1230	<del>03</del>	<u>5101</u>	DINET OF ENTITIONS	<u>010</u>	1.71	DII (DI II)	501111
10/6/2003	3	LANE	0945	1045	<mark>60</mark>	DEMOBILIZATION	DEMOBILIZATION	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
						RE-VIST FOR OPEN	FIELD SURVEY				
<mark>6/7/04</mark>	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	<mark>815</mark>	1150	215	INITIAL	INITIAL	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
						MOBILIZATION	MOBILIZATION				
6/7/04	4	OPEN FIELD	1150	1210	20	CALIBRATE	CALIBRATE	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
6/7/04	4	OPEN FIELD	1210	1305	<u>55</u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
<mark>6/7/04</mark>	<mark>4</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1305	1310	<mark>5</mark>	DOWNTIME MAINTENANCE	DOWNLOAD DATA	<b>GPS</b>	<mark>NA</mark>	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
						MAINTENANCE CHECK					
		1	l		<u> </u>	CHECK					

No. of	SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY
Date   People   Area Tested   Time   Time   min   Operational Status   Comments   Track Method   Explain   Pattern	Conditions SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY
6/7/04   4   OPEN FIELD   1310   1400   50   COLLECT DATA   COLLECT DATA   GPS   NA   LINEAR	SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY
6/7/04   4   OPEN FIELD   1400   1405   5   DOWNTIME   MAINTENANCE   CHECK	SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY
MAINTENANCE   CHECK   COLLECT DATA   COLLECT DATA   GPS   NA   LINEAR   CHECK   CHEC	SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY
CHECK   CHECK   COLLECT DATA   COLLECT DATA   GPS   NA   LINEAR	SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY
6/7/04         4         OPEN FIELD         1405         1500         55         COLLECT DATA         COLLECT DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR           6/7/04         4         OPEN FIELD         1500         1505         5         DOWNTIME MAINTENANCE CHECK         DOWNLOAD DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR           6/7/04         4         OPEN FIELD         1520         15         COLLECT DATA         COLLECT DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR           6/7/04         4         OPEN FIELD, 1530         1625         55         COLLECT DATA         COLLECT DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR           6/7/04         4         OPEN FIELD, 1530         1625         55         COLLECT DATA         COLLECT DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR           6/7/04         4         OPEN FIELD, 1625         1630         5         DOWNTIME MAINTENANCE CHECK         DOWNLOAD DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR	SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY
6/7/04   4   OPEN FIELD   1500   1505   5   DOWNTIME   MAINTENANCE   CHECK	SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY
MAINTENANCE   CHECK	SUNNY SUNNY SUNNY
CHECK   CHEC	SUNNY SUNNY
6/7/04         4         OPEN FIELD         1520         1530         10         BREAK/LUNCH         BREAK/LUNCH         GPS         NA         LINEAR           6/7/04         4         OPEN FIELD, 1530         1625         55         COLLECT DATA         COLLECT DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR           6/7/04         4         OPEN FIELD, 1625         1630         5         DOWNTIME MAINTENANCE CHECK         DOWNLOAD DATA         GPS         NA         LINEAR	SUNNY SUNNY
6/7/04 4 OPEN FIELD, 1530 1625 55 COLLECT DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR OFFICIAL OPEN FIELD, 1625 1630 5 DOWNTIME MAINTENANCE CHECK	SUNNY
1/4 BTG	
6/7/04 4 OPEN FIELD, 1625 1630 5 DOWNTIME DOWNLOAD DATA GPS NA LINEAR MAINTENANCE CHECK	SUNNY
MAINTENANCE CHECK	SUNNY
CHECK CHECK	1
	SUNNY
FIELD,1/4 BTG	SUNNY
WAINTENANCE DOWNLOAD DATA OFS INA LINEAR MAINTENANCE	SUNNI
CHECK	
6/7/04 4 OPEN FIELD, 1730 1755 25 COLLECT DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR	SUNNY
MARTINE MARTIN	
6/7/04 4 OPEN FIELD, 1755 1815 20 DAILY START BREAKDOWN END OF GPS NA LINEAR	SUNNY
Marg   Stop   Daily Operations   Stop   Daily Operations   Stop   Daily Operations   Stop   Stop   Daily Operations   Stop   S	
6/8/04 3 OPEN FIELD, 815 845 30 DAILY START SET UP, BRGIN GPS NA LINEAR	<b>SUNNY</b>
6/8/04 3 OPEN FIELD, 845 900 15 CALIBRATE CALIBRATE GPS NA LINEAR	<b>SUNNY</b>
4 BTG	GID D III
6/8/04 3 OPEN FIELD, 900 1010 70 COLLECT DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR	SUNNY
	SUNNY
6/8/04   5   OPEN FIELD,   1010   1015   5   DOWNTIME   DOWNLOAD DATA   GPS   NA   LINEAR   MAINTENANCE	SUMNI
CHECK CHECK	]
6/8/04 3 OPEN FIELD 1015 1100 45 COLLECT DATA COLLECT DATA GPS NA LINEAR	SUNNY
6/8/04 3 OPEN FIELD 1100 1115 15 BREAK/LUNCH BREAK/LUNCH GPS NA LINEAR	SUNNY

No. of People 6/8/04 3	Area Tested OPEN FIELD	Status Start Time		Duration,				Track		
Date People				Duration.						
		Time		1		Operational Status -		Method=Other	<b>.</b>	Field
6/8/04 3	OPEN FIELD	1115	Time	min	Operational Status	Comments	Track Method	Explain	Pattern	Conditions
		1115	1120	<mark>5</mark>	DOWNTIME MAINTENANCE	DOWNLOAD DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
					CHECK					
6/8/04 3	OPEN FIELD	1120	1220	<mark>60</mark>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
6/8/04 3	OPEN FIELD	1220	1225	5	DOWNTIME	DOWNLOAD DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
					MAINTENANCE					
					CHECK					
6/8/04 3	OPEN FIELD	1225	1325	<mark>60</mark>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
6/8/04 3	OPEN FIELD	1325	1330	<mark>5</mark>	DOWNTIME MAINTENANCE	DOWNLOAD DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	LINEAR	<b>SUNNY</b>
					CHECK					
6/8/04	OPEN FIELD	1330	1432	62	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
6/8/04 3	OPEN FIELD	1432	1437	5	DOWNTIME	DOWNLOAD DATA	GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
0, 0, 0	OT ELVI TEED	1.02	1 .07	<u> </u>	MAINTENANCE	DOWN BOND BITTE	<u>0.0</u>			0011111
					CHECK					
6/8/04 3	OPEN FIELD	1437	<b>1520</b>	<mark>43</mark>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
6/8/04 3	OPEN FIELD	<mark>1520</mark>	<u>1545</u>	<mark>25</mark>	BREAK/LUNCH	BREAK/LUNCH	<b>GPS</b>	NA NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
6/8/04 3	OPEN FIELD	<u>1545</u>	<mark>1615</mark>	<mark>30</mark>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	<mark>NA</mark>	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
6/8/04 3	OPEN FIELD	<u>1615</u>	1625	10	CALIBRATE	<u>CALIBRATE</u>	<b>GPS</b>	NA NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
6/8/04 3	OPEN FIELD	<del>1625</del>	1650	<mark>25</mark>		BREAKDOWN END OF	<b>GPS</b>	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
					STOP	DAILY OPERATIONS				
6/9/04 3	OPEN FIELD	<mark>745</mark>	<mark>815</mark>	<mark>30</mark>	DAILY START	SET UP, BRGIN	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
C 10 10 4	ODEN EIEL D	01.5	020	1.5	STOP	OPERATIONS	CDC	N.T.A.	LINEAD	CLD DIV
6/9/04 3	OPEN FIELD	815	830	15	CALIBRATE	CALIBRATE	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
6/9/04 3	OPEN FIELD	830	925	<u>55</u>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
6/9/04 3	OPEN FIELD	925	<mark>930</mark>	5	DOWNTIME	DOWNLOAD DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
					MAINTENANCE CHECK					
6/9/04 3	OPEN FIELD	930	1055	85	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
6/9/04 3	OPEN FIELD	1055	1100	5	DOWNTIME	DOWNLOAD DATA	GPS	NA NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
0/9/04	OI EN TILLD	1033	1100	<mark>-</mark>	MAINTENANCE	DOWNLOAD DATA	OI S	IVA	LINEAR	SUMM
					CHECK					
6/9/04 3	OPEN FIELD	1100	1115	15	BREAK/LUNCH	BREAK/LUNCH	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
6/9/04 3	OPEN FIELD	1115	1215	<mark>60</mark>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
6/9/04 3	OPEN FIELD	1215	1300	45	BREAK/LUNCH	BREAK/LUNCH	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
6/9/04 3	OPEN FIELD	1300	1405	<mark>65</mark>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY

	No.			Status	Duration,		Operational Status -		Track Method=Other		Field
Date	OI People	Area Tested		Time	min	Operational Status	Comments	Track Method	Explain	Pattern	Conditions
6/9/04	3	OPEN FIELD	1405	1410	<u>5</u>	DOWNTIME MAINTENANCE CHECK	DOWNLOAD DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
<mark>6/9/04</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1410	1435	<mark>25</mark>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	<mark>NA</mark>	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
6/9/04	3	OPEN FIELD	1435	1440	<mark>5</mark>	DOWNTIME MAINTENANCE CHECK	DOWNLOAD DATA	GPS	NA	<u>LINEAR</u>	SUNNY
<mark>6/9/04</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1440	<b>1505</b>	<mark>25</mark>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
<mark>6/9/04</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1505	1515	<mark>10</mark>	<b>CALIBRATE</b>	<b>CALIBRATE</b>	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
6/9/04	<mark>3</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1515	1520	<mark>5</mark>	DOWNTIME MAINTENANCE CHECK	DOWNLOAD DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
<mark>6/9/04</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1520	<mark>1545</mark>	<mark>25</mark>	EQUIPMENT FAILURE	FLAT TIRE, CHANGED	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
<mark>6/9/04</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1545	<mark>1555</mark>	10	<mark>EQUIPMENT</mark> FAILURE	REPLACE GEM3 SENSOR CABLE	GPS	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	SUNNY
<mark>6/9/04</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1555	<b>1630</b>	<mark>35</mark>	<b>DEMOBILIZATION</b>	<b>DEMOBILIZATION</b>	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
<mark>6/9/04</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	OPEN FIELD	1630	1640	<mark>10</mark>	<b>CALIBRATE</b>	<b>CALIBRATE</b>	<b>GPS</b>	NA	LINEAR	<b>SUNNY</b>
<mark>6/9/04</mark>	3	OPEN FIELD	<mark>1640</mark>	1705	<mark>25</mark>	COLLECT DATA	COLLECT DATA	<b>GPS</b>	NA	<b>LINEAR</b>	<b>SUNNY</b>
6/9/04	3	OPEN FIELD	1705	<mark>1710</mark>	<mark>5</mark>	DOWNTIME MAINTENANCE CHECK	DOWNLOAD DATA	GPS	NA	LINEAR	SUNNY
<mark>6/9/04</mark>	3	OPEN FIELD	1710	1735	<mark>25</mark>	<b>DEMOBILIZATION</b>	<b>DEMOBILIZATION</b>	<b>GPS</b>	NA NA	LINEAR	<b>SUNNY</b>

### APPENDIX E. REFERENCES

- 1. Standardized UXO Technology Demonstration Site Handbook, DTC Project No. 8-CO-160-000-473, Report No. ATC-8349, March 2002.
- 2. Aberdeen Proving Ground Soil Survey Report, October 1998.
- 3. Data Summary, UXO Standardized Test Site: APG Soils Description, May 2002.
- 4. Practical Nonparametric Statistics, W.J. Conover, John Wiley & Sons, 1980, pages 144 through 151

#### APPENDIX F. ABBREVIATIONS

1-PPS = PostPostscriptum A/D = analog to digital

AEC = U.S. Army Environmental Center

APG = Aberdeen Proving Ground

ASCII = American Standard Code for Information Interchange

ATC = U.S. Army Aberdeen Test Center AVR = automatic volume recognition

CAD = computer-aided design

DGPS = differential Global Positioning System

EMI = electromagnetic interference

EQT = Army Environmental Quality Technology Program

ERDC = U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Engineering, Research and Development Center

ESTCP = Environmental Security Technology Certification Program

GPR = ground-penetrating radar GPS = Global Positioning System

GX = Geosoft executable

HH = handheld

IMU = International Measurement UnitJPG = Jefferson Proving Ground

MS = Microsoft

MTADS = Multi-Sensor Towed Array Detection System NMEA = National Maritime Electronics Association

NRL = Naval Research Laboratory PDOP = precision dilution of precision

POC = point of contact ppm = parts per million PPS = PostPostscriptum PVC = polyvinyl chloride QA = quality assurance QC = quality control

ROC = receiver-operating characteristic

RTK = real-time kinematic SAR = synthetic-aperture radar

SERDP = Strategic Environmental Research and Development Program

UTC = universal time coordinated UXO = unexploded ordnance

YPG = U.S. Army Yuma Proving Ground